Norway’s fastest growing region is our home market
Summary
Solid performance in all business areas

Introduction

- A high activity levels in all business areas
- Strong regional growth
- High income and lending growth
- Reduction in operating costs en route to meeting target
- The restructurings of EiendomsMegler 1 OA and SpareBank 1 Regnskapshuset Østlandet show effects
- Low and stable loan losses
- High solidity according to capital target
The financial targets are met in 1H-2018

Financial targets 2018 and performance as of 1Q-2018

- **Profitability**: Return on equity at least 10 % - 11.4 %
- **Dividends**: 50 % pay-out ratio after tax* - 50 %
- **Solidity**: CET 1 at 16 % - 16.1 %
- **Costs**: 5 % cost reduction** - -3.1 %

* Profit after tax before minority interests
** Nominal costs pro-forma parent bank compared with 2017 (accumulated)
The bank and the market area
SpareBank 1 Østlandet at a glance
Norway's fourth largest savings bank with a broad and diversified customer base

- History from 1845 – known as Sparebanken Hedmark ("SBHE") until 1 April 2017.
- Norway’s fourth largest savings bank * with total adjusted assets (incl. covered bonds) of NOK 159 billion.
- Operations in Hedmark, Oppland, Oslo and Akershus – a market with more than 1.7 million inhabitants.
- Head office in Hamar, 38 branches and 1,137 FTEs.
- Approximately 327,000 customers with a retail lending share of 74 %.
- Diversified product offerings – traditional banking, leasing, accounting and real estate brokerage services.
- Part of the SpareBank 1 Alliance and owns 12.4 % of SpareBank 1 Gruppen AS.

Sources: Annual/interim reports, SpareBank 1 Gruppen || Comments (*): Total assets on own balance sheet, plus mortgages transferred to SB1 Boligkreditt and SB1 Næringskreditt
High economic activity in our market area (1)
Increasing productivity and falling, low unemployment

Source 1: Norges Bank Regional Network 02/18
Source 2: Statistics Norway, NAV, Thompson Reuters Datastream

| *) Includes Hedmark and Oppland | * **) Includes Oslo, Akershus, Østfold and Buskerud
High economic activity in our market area (2)
Investment trending up with stable profitability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expected change in investment next 12 months (per cent)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inland Region</strong>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Capital Region</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rogaland/Hordaland</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Trøndelag</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Norway</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Change in profitability past 3 months compared to last year (per cent)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inland Region</strong>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Capital Region</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rogaland/Hordaland</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Trøndelag</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Norway</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Includes Hedmark and Oppland | ** Includes Oslo, Akershus, Østfold and Buskerud

Source 1: Norges Bank Regional Network 02/18
Source 2: Statistics Norway, NAV, Thompson Reuters Datastream
Moderate housing price growth and high construction activity

House price developments for relevant areas compared with Norway

Source: Eiendom Norge Housing Prices July 2018 | *) Includes: Oppland and Hedmark | **)Index 31 December 2014 = 100
Øvre Romerike – national champion in job creation
Job creation in the region

• Øvre Romerike has for a long time been the national champion in population growth.

• The region is now also the national champion in job creation.

• From 2015-2017 businesses in Øvre Romerike created 3,519 new jobs.
  – A growth of 8.5 per cent.
  – Compared with a 0.3 per cent growth in Norway.
A market area with long term growth potential

Considerable population growth in the Greater Capital Area

Source: Statistics Norway: "Befolkningsframskrivingens hovedalternativ 2018-2040"/Kartverket
Strong customer relations are maintained throughout the merger
Customer relations survey 2018 (index)

- Throughout a demanding merger process focus has been kept on serving customers according to their needs.
- According to an updated survey the customers rate the bank just as highly as before the merger.
- The Bank’s customer relations are still among the best in the country according to the survey.

Source: «Customer relations survey 2018», Kantar TNS. | Index, an average of customer satisfaction and customer preference.
The customer dividend has been well received
Survey on the customer dividend 2018 (score from «1 – very good» to «7 – very poor», per cent share

- The Bank paid 204 MNOK in customer dividend in April, as the first bank in Norway.
- The dividend corresponded to approximately 20 basis points of the mortgage and deposit rates.
- A subsequent customer survey showed that:
  - 22 % of the population in our market area know of the customer dividend.
  - 93 % of the Bank’s customers know of the customer dividend.
  - 86 % of the customers are satisfied with the customer dividend.
  - 53 % of the customers specify that the customer dividend is as important as the interest rates if they were to consider switching banks in the future.

Financial accounts
2Q-2018
Financial results for the second quarter of 2018

(Last year's figures in brackets)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Higher profitability</td>
<td>Pre-tax profit in Q2-18 isolated at NOK 416 million (NOK 274 million).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pre-tax profit in 1H-18 at NOK 730 million (NOK 548 million).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Good return on equity</td>
<td>ROE in Q2-18 at 12.9 % (9.0 %).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ROE in 1H-18 at 11.4 % (9.1 %).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solid capitalization</td>
<td>CET 1 ratio at 16.1 % (16.7 %).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Leverage ratio at 7.3 % (7.5 %).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High lending growth</td>
<td>Lending growth of 8.9 % (8.0 %) last 12 months.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lending growth in Q2-18 of 2.3 %.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stable deposit growth</td>
<td>Deposit growth of 6.0 % (6.4 %) last 12 months.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low losses on loans</td>
<td>Impairment losses on loans NOK 7 million in Q2-18.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Impairment losses on loans NOK 12 million in 1H-18.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Income statement 1H-2018

## Group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1H 2018</th>
<th>1H-2017</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net interest income</strong></td>
<td>1,006</td>
<td>956</td>
<td>1,956</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net commission income</strong></td>
<td>564</td>
<td>526</td>
<td>1,095</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other income</strong></td>
<td>93</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>168</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total operating expenses</strong></td>
<td>918</td>
<td>915</td>
<td>1,898</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Result bank operation before losses</strong></td>
<td>745</td>
<td>665</td>
<td>1,321</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Impairment losses on loans and guarantees</strong></td>
<td>12</td>
<td>-21</td>
<td>-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Result bank operation after losses</strong></td>
<td>733</td>
<td>686</td>
<td>1,341</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dividends</strong></td>
<td>13</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net profit from ownership interest</strong></td>
<td>84</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>194</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net income from financial assets/liabilities</strong></td>
<td>98</td>
<td>-13</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Profit/loss before tax</strong></td>
<td>928</td>
<td>719</td>
<td>1,618</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tax charge</strong></td>
<td>198</td>
<td>171</td>
<td>356</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Profit/loss after tax</strong></td>
<td>730</td>
<td>548</td>
<td>1,263</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Return on equity**: 11.4 %, 9.1 %, 10.2 %
- **Total operating costs in relation to total income**: 49.4 %, 56.7 %, 54.3 %
- **Impairment losses as percentage of gross loans**: 0.0 %, 0.0 %, 0.0 %
### Special items 2Q-2018

#### Description and effects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Company</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vipps</td>
<td>• The merger of BankAxept, BankID and Vipps led to a write-up of book values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Net gain of NOK 59 million.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Torggata 22 AS</td>
<td>• The bank sold 50% of the shares in Torggata 22 AS in Hamar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Net gain of NOK 9 million.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SB1 Regnskapshuset Østlandet AS</td>
<td>• Restructuring of the company with the merger with TheVIT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Loss of NOK 4 million.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EiendomsMegler 1</td>
<td>• The real estate brokers terminated a development agreement linked to a new</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>core system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Loss of NOK 5 million.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Key financials – quarterly

Pre-tax profit (NOK million)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Q2-17</th>
<th>Q3-17</th>
<th>Q4-17</th>
<th>Q1-18</th>
<th>Q2-18</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Profit</td>
<td>358</td>
<td>476</td>
<td>422</td>
<td>409</td>
<td>518</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Impairments on loans and guarantees (NOK million)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Q2-17</th>
<th>Q3-17</th>
<th>Q4-17</th>
<th>Q1-18</th>
<th>Q2-18</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Impairments</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>-13</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Net interest income and commission fees from covered bond companies (NOK million)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Q2-17</th>
<th>Q3-17</th>
<th>Q4-17</th>
<th>Q1-18</th>
<th>Q2-18</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Income</td>
<td>573</td>
<td>598</td>
<td>611</td>
<td>602</td>
<td>599</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total operating costs (NOK million)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Q2-17</th>
<th>Q3-17</th>
<th>Q4-17</th>
<th>Q1-18</th>
<th>Q2-18</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Costs</td>
<td>478</td>
<td>433</td>
<td>550</td>
<td>449</td>
<td>468</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Key financials – quarterly

Return on equity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Q2-17</th>
<th>Q3-17</th>
<th>Q4-17</th>
<th>Q1-18</th>
<th>Q2-18</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Return on equity</td>
<td>9.0 %</td>
<td>12.0 %</td>
<td>10.4 %</td>
<td>9.9 %</td>
<td>12.9 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Lending growth (including loans transferred to covered bond companies) last 12 months

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Q2-17</th>
<th>Q3-17</th>
<th>Q4-17</th>
<th>Q1-18</th>
<th>Q2-18</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lending growth</td>
<td>8.0 %</td>
<td>7.9 %</td>
<td>8.4 %</td>
<td>8.8 %</td>
<td>8.9 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CET 1 ratio

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Q2-17</th>
<th>Q3-17</th>
<th>Q4-17</th>
<th>Q1-18</th>
<th>Q2-18</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CET 1 ratio</td>
<td>16.7 %</td>
<td>16.9 %</td>
<td>16.8 %</td>
<td>16.2 %</td>
<td>16.1 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Deposit growth last 12 months

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Q2-17</th>
<th>Q3-17</th>
<th>Q4-17</th>
<th>Q1-18</th>
<th>Q2-18</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Deposit growth</td>
<td>6.4 %</td>
<td>5.1 %</td>
<td>4.6 %</td>
<td>5.3 %</td>
<td>6.0 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Profit contributions from subsidiaries

1H-2018 (1H-2017)

**SpareBank 1 Finans Østlandet**
- Profit before tax NOK 96.9 million (NOK 87.8 million).
- Good growth and increasing profitability.
- Increased focus on innovation and business development.

**EiendomsMegler 1 Hedmark**
- Profit before tax NOK 9.9 million (NOK 12.9 million).
- Solid market position, expanded project and CRE brokerage increase market share.
- High activity level, but increased cost from termination of IT contract and new recruitment.

**EiendomsMegler 1 Oslo Akershus**
- Profit before tax NOK 4.7 million (NOK 3.8 million).
- Restructuring completed, higher activity and cross-selling.
- Accounting effects from termination of an IT contract and new recruitment.

**SpareBank 1 Østlandet VIT AS (SpareBank 1 Regnskapshuset AS og TheVIT AS)**
- Profit before tax NOK -2.5 million (NOK 3.2 million*).
- The merged company is well positioned with value adding offerings.
- Strengthened presence in Greater Oslo and continued digitalisation of key processes.

* Last year’s figures is SpareBank 1 Regnskapshuset Østlandet AS
Contribution from joint ventures
1H-2018 (1H-2017)

**SpareBank 1 Gruppen**
- Profit before tax NOK 773 million (NOK 904 million)
- Ownership 12.4%

**SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS**
- Profit before tax NOK -6.9 million (NOK -259.9 million)
- Ownership 21.1%

**SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt**
- Profit before tax NOK 35.6 million (NOK 47.9 million)
- Ownership 12.4%

**SpareBank 1 Kredittkort**
- Profit before tax NOK 86.5 million (NOK 45.9 million)
- Ownership 20.5%
Net interest income
Net interest income incl. commissions from covered bond companies

- Higher NII last quarter due to strong lending growth
- Reduction in NII in per cent of average assets mainly due to increased Nibor
- Reduction in commission fees from the covered bond companies due to increased funding cost

* The statement deviates from previously reported figures by NOK 9 million due to repostings to show comparable figures, this is corrected against international payments
Continued strong lending growth

Lending volume (Group, NOK billion)

- Total lending in the Group, including loans transferred to covered bond companies, increased by NOK 3.5 billion during the quarter.
- This is equivalent to a 2.7 % growth during the quarter.
- Lending growth in the Group the last 12 months was 8.9 % (8.0 %)
  - Retail lending increased 9.3 %
  - Corporate lending increased 7.9 %
• Decreasing retail lending margins last quarter, due mainly to the increase in Nibor, but also competitive pressure for low risk customers.

• Increased corporate lending margins last quarter as a consequence of targeted repricing of defined customer segments and an increased focus on the pricing of new customers.
Loan book dominated by retail and SME lending

Lending to customers per sector (% and NOK million)

Retail lending 74%
Corporate lending 26%

Private customers 62,481
Real estate 13,809
Transferred to Boligkreditt 37,944
Transferred to Næringskreditt 1,508
Building and construction 4,553
Wholesale and retail trade 1,263
Primary industries 4,367
Commercial services 4,476
Other 5,090
The typical mortgage is small or moderate in size

Retail and corporate loans by size (% share)*

Retail market

- <1 M: 9.9%
- 1-2.5 M: 39.5%
- 2.5-5 M: 33.4%
- 5-10 M: 13.2%
- >10 M: 4.0%

Corporate market

- <5 M: 19.0%
- 5-10 M: 12.0%
- 10-50 M: 23.0%
- 50-100 M: 11.1%
- 100-200 M: 11.6%
- >200 M: 23.2%

* Including loans transferred to the covered bond companies
Well within the quotas of the mortgage regulation*
Daily follow-up ensures optimal utilisation of the permitted quota

Utilisation of flexibility quota in 2Q-2018:

City of Oslo
3.6 % (8 % quota)

Other areas
4.1 % (10 % quota)

- The mortgage regulation constrains the lending:
  - Debt servicing capacity
    - Stress: 5 % interest rate increase
  - Maximum loan to value (LTV) 85 %
    - 75 % legal limit in the covered pool
  - Gearing
    - Total debt must not exceed five times gross annual income
  - Installment payment
  - Exceptions are permitted within 10 % (8 % for Oslo) of the total granted volume each quarter
    - The so called “Flexibility quota”

* "Regulation on the requirements for new lending with collateral in housing"
High quality credit process – falling LTV

Percentage of granted mortgages and average LTV per county

Percentage of granted volume  Average LTV at the time of grant

Oslo  Akershus  Hedmark  Oppland  Others

2015  2016  2017  1Q18  2Q18  2015  2016  2017  1Q18  2Q18  2015  2016  2017  1Q18  2Q18

33%  33%  31%  29%  28%  30%  29%  30%  32%  32%  28%  27%  30%  30%  30%  30%  4%  3%  4%  4%  4%  4%  5%  7%  6%  6%  6%  6%
Low LTV in the residential mortgage lending

Exposure per LTV bucket in the residential mortgage portfolio
Satisfactory deposit coverage
Deposit volume (Group, NOK billion)

- Deposit growth last 12 months 6.0%
  - Deposit growth - retail 8.1%
  - Deposit growth - corporates 3.2%
- Deposit coverage ratio 73.6%
- Deposit coverage ratio, including mortgages transferred to the covered bond companies, 52.1%
• Increasing deposits margins in parent bank last quarter.

• The higher margins are mainly explained by the increased Nibor.
Increased income in subsidiaries
Commissions and other operating income (NOK million)

• Commissions and other operating income increased with 14 % from last quarter, and 6 % from last year.

• The increase is mainly due to higher activity levels in the accounting services and the real estate brokerage as the restructuring of these companies starts to take effect.

* Deviates from reported figures by 9 million due to repostings, this has been corrected for against net interest income.
The operating costs are down 1.9 % compared to last year.

Personnel expenses have increased due to in the subsidiaries.

Write-downs of an IT project in the EM1 alliance amounted to NOK 4.9 million.
Increased staffing in subsidiaries

Headcount (FTE)

- Stable level of staffing in the Parent Bank after the merger downsizing has been completed
- Increased staffing in the subsidiaries due to higher ambitions and activity levels in real estate brokerage and accounting services.
The operating costs in the first half year of 2018 were NOK 21 million lower than in the same period in 2017.

This is equivalent to a -3.1 % cost reduction in the pro-forma parent bank compared with last year.

The ambition of a 5 % cost reduction in absolute terms for the pro-forma parent for the year 2018 compared with 2017 is maintained.

* The analysis takes into account the fact that former Bank 1 Oslo Akershus As was merged into the parent bank as of Q2-18. «Adjusted» or «Pro-forma» numbers are calculated as if the merger took place at the beginning of 2017 making the comparison of operating costs more relevant.
The contribution from financial items has increased

Net result from financial assets and liabilities (NOK million)

- Issued debt securities were in 1H-2017 generally assessed at fair value (IAS 39) and showed, mainly due to lower credit spreads, a loss of NOK 83 million.
- Issued debt securities are after 1 January 2018 generally assessed at amortised costs (reclassification due to transfer to IFRS 9).
- The remaining improvement in “net change on securities issues...” compared with last year is mainly explained by positive value adjustments in H1-18, of NOK 14 million, on a minor portfolio of securities funding fixed interest lending to customers.
- Increased profit from ownership interest – see previous slides.
Still low losses on loans
Net loan loss provisions (NOK millions)

- Impairment losses on loans and guarantees were NOK 7 million in the second quarter.
- Equals an annualised loss rate of 0.03% of gross lending.
Low levels of problem loans
Non-performing and other doubtful commitments*

- The proportion of problem loans decreases further

* NOK million and percentage of total lending
Low losses and reduced net exposure in stage 3
Specification of impairment losses and net exposure per stage (NOK million)

Impairment losses per segment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Segment</th>
<th>2Q-18</th>
<th>1Q-18</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Personal customers</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corporate customers</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SB 1 Finans Østlandet</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Stage 1 – Initial recognition and no significant deterioration of credit quality – 12-month expected credit losses
- Stage 2 – Significant deterioration of credit quality – Lifetime expected credit losses
- Stage 3 – Significant deterioration of credit quality and objective credit losses – Lifetime expected credit losses

Maximum exposure (on and off-balance sheet items), net of accumulated impairment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Net exposure</th>
<th>Stage 1</th>
<th>Stage 2</th>
<th>Stage 3</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1Q-18</td>
<td>87,353</td>
<td>4,647</td>
<td>406</td>
<td>92,406</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2Q-18</td>
<td>90,355</td>
<td>4,995</td>
<td>282</td>
<td>95,632</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Stage 1: 94.5% \(1Q-18\) \(94.5\%\) \(2Q-18\)
Stage 2: 5.0% \(1Q-18\) 5.2% \(2Q-18\)
Stage 3: 0.4% \(1Q-18\) 0.3% \(2Q-18\)
CET 1 close to target
Core equity tier 1 ratio (Group)

- The Group’s common equity tier 1 ratio was 16.1 %.
- The target for CET 1 is 16.0 %.
- The reduction in CET 1 is due to strong lending growth in the period.
- The leverage ratio was 7.3 %.
Contact details

Richard Heiberg
CEO
Tel.: +47 902 06 018
richard.heiberg@sb1ostlandet.no

Geir-Egil Bolstad
CFO
Tel.: +47 918 82 071
geir-egil.bolstad@sb1ostlandet.no

Runar Hauge
Investor relations
Tel.: +47 482 95 659
runar.hauge@sb1ostlandet.no
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• This presentation contains forward-looking statements that reflect management’s current views with respect to certain future events and potential financial performance.

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