

### Highlights in Q3 2021

# SpareBank O STLANDET

### **Summary**

- Another strong quarter with a high return on equity.
- Decision made regarding payment of remaining owner and customer dividends for 2020.
- All major income items contributed positively compared to last year:
  - Higher NII due to volume growth. Higher deposit margins partly offset lower lending margins.
  - Higher commission income from the covered bond companies, payments, and insurance & savings, lower from real estate brokerage and accounting services.
  - Still good contributions from ownership interests and financial items.
- Cost growth somewhat higher than target, measures implemented continuously.
- Net reversals on loan loss provisions in Q3.
- Positive macroeconomic backdrop both regionally and nationally, with prospects for more interest rate hikes from Norges Bank.



# **Strong financial performance so far in 2021**



Long term financial targets and actual performance as of Q3 2021

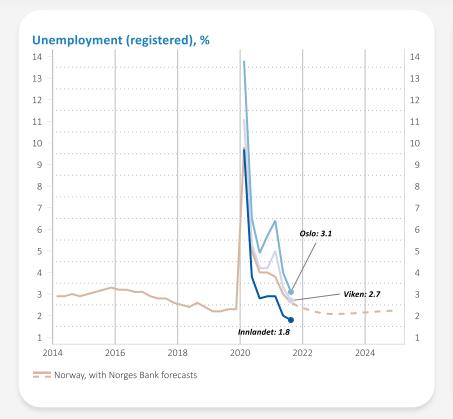
Profitability	Return on equity at least 11 %	11.8 %
Dividends	50 % pay-out ratio <sup>1</sup>	50 %
Solidity	Regulatory requirement + 100 bps <sup>2</sup>	18.0 %
Costs	Max 2 % cost increase in parent bank <sup>3</sup>	2.6 %

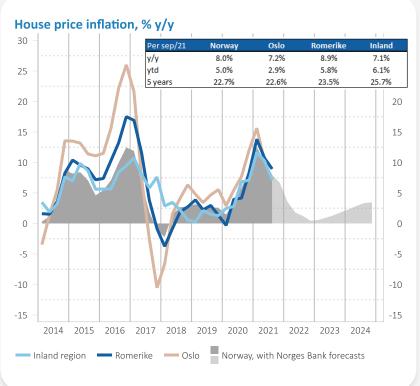
- 1. Out of profits after taxes taking into account non-controlling ownership interest and interest on hybrid capital.
- 2. Regulatory requirement currently 14.2 %. Capital planning takes into account future planned regulatory changes.
- 3. Year to date in 2021. The Board of Directors has set a target for 2021 of cost growth within 2 % (ex restructuring costs) in the parent bank.

# Solid labour market improvements, but somewhat slower housing market



Signs of more normal economy. Largest fluctuations in Oslo, both for labour and housing markets

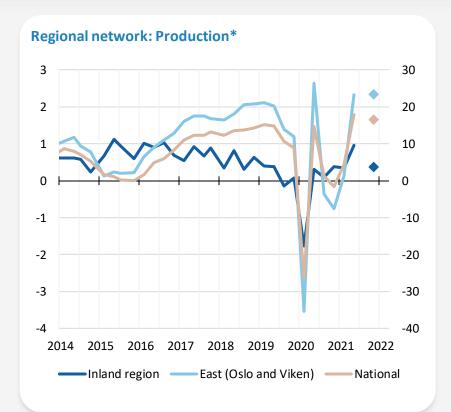


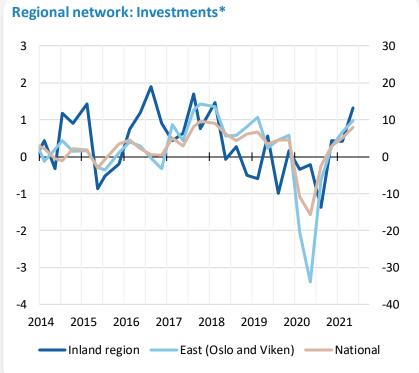


### Strong production growth, higher business investments



Strong improvement in East. Lower production growth in Inland, but high investment growth





### **Creating together: Customer dividends for 2020**

SpareBank O STLANDET

Payment around 19 November. Up to NOK 231 mill.\*



#### Eksempel på kundeutbytte



Familie - felles lån Lån: kr 4. millioner Innskudd: kr 75 000

> Kundeutbytte kr 6 014\*



Singel Lån: kr 2 millioner Innskudd: kr 600 000

Kundeutbytte kr 3 838\*



Student BSU: kr 300 000 Innskudd: kr 50 000

Kundeutbytte kr 517\*



Bedrift Lån: kr 2 millioner Innskudd: kr 1,2 millioner

Kundeutbytte kr 4 723\*

<sup>\*</sup> Forutsetter at du har hatt samme lånebeløp og innskudd på konto gjennom hele året. Eksemplet gjelder for opptjeningsåret 2020. Merk at dette kun er et eksempel og at den faktiske utbetalingen kan skille seg fra eksemplene.

## ESG: Holistic approach and encouraging feedback



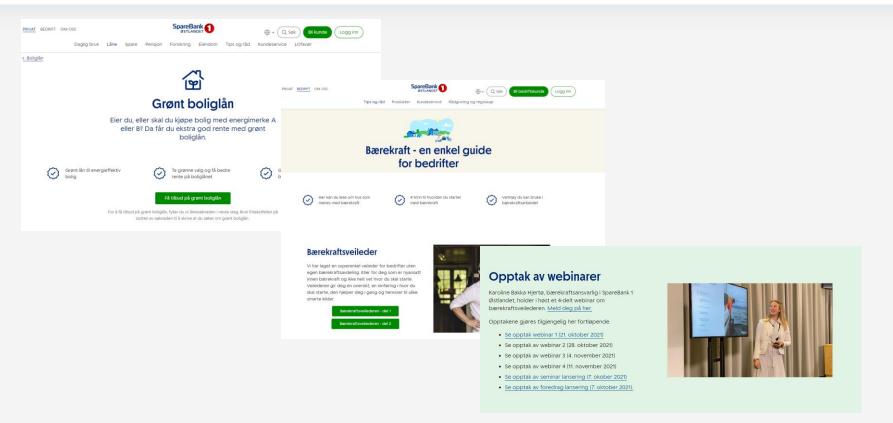
A broad framework for ESG, providing external stakeholders with insight into the bank's work with ESG



## ESG: Going forward we aim to support customers in their green transition



Green products and working together with our customers





# **Another strong quarter**



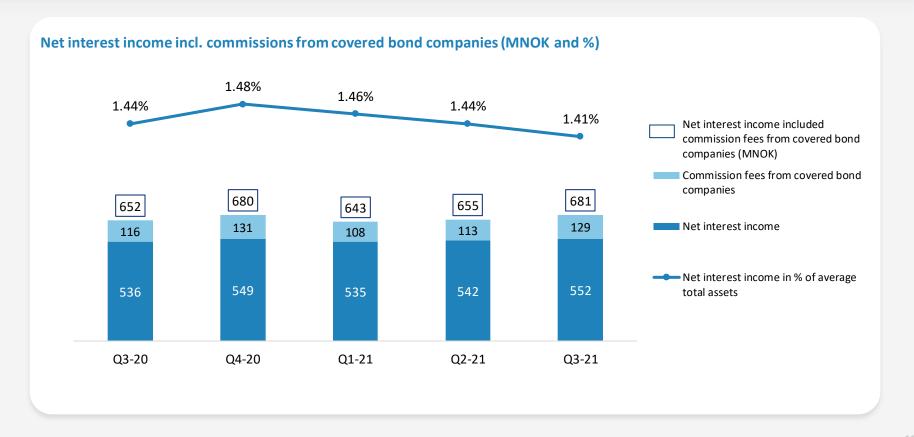
Financial accounts Q3 2021 (same quarter last year in brackets)

Strong profit after tax	• Profit after tax in Q3-21 NOK 561 million (NOK 438 million)
High return on equity	• ROE in Q3-21 of 12.6 % (10.9 %)
Solid capitalization	• CET 1 ratio 18.0 % (17.3%)
High lending growth	<ul> <li>Lending growth 1.8 % in 2Q-21 (1.9 %), incl. covered bond companies</li> <li>Lending growth 5.8 % (9.3 %) (incl. covered bond companies) last 12 months</li> </ul>
Balanced deposit growth	<ul> <li>Deposit growth of minus 1.4 % in Q3-21 (0.0 %)</li> <li>Deposit growth 6.7 % (11.2 %) last 12 months</li> </ul>
Net reversals on losses	• Net reversal of losses of NOK 16 million in Q3-21 (losses of NOK 47 million).

### Higher net interest income



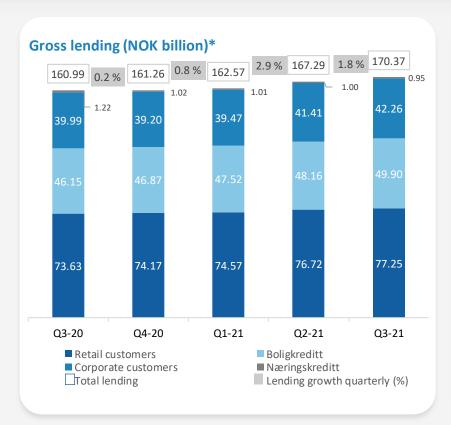




## Healthy lending growth in both retail and corporate segments



Increasing corporate growth. Slower activity in retail, from very high growth in previous quarters



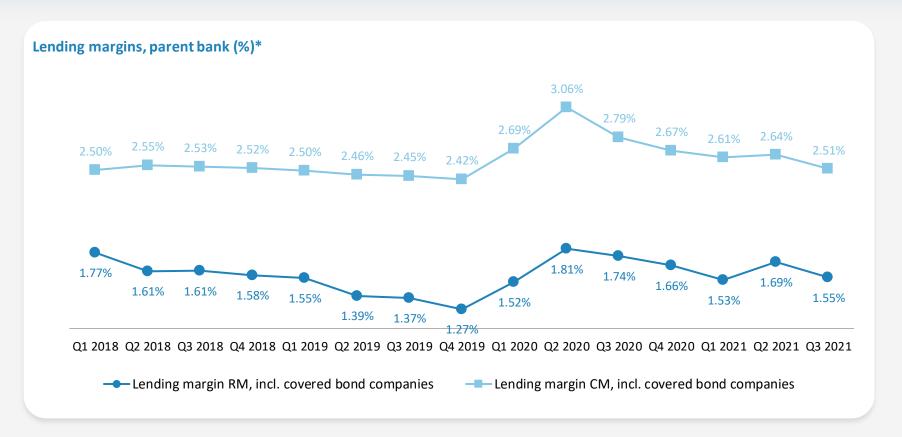


<sup>\*</sup> Based on allocation of customer loans between retail and corporate divisions, respectively.

### **Lower lending margins in third quarter**



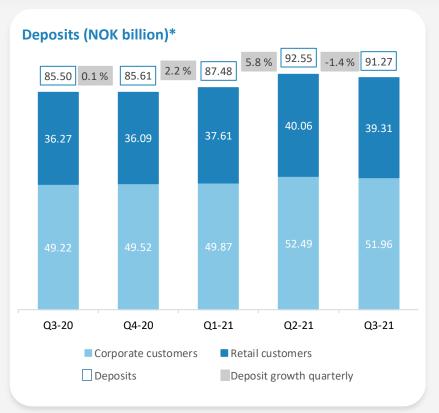
Primarily due to higher money market (Nibor) interest rates through the quarter

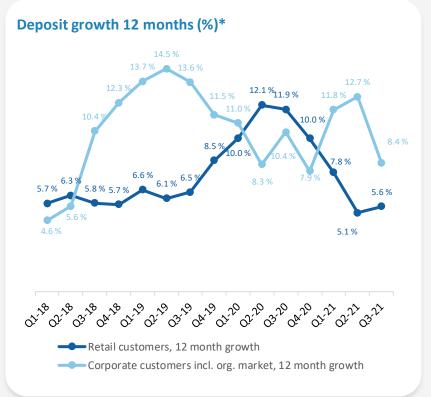


## Lower deposit volumes in third quarter, following strong growth in 2Q



Still healthy growth on an annual basis



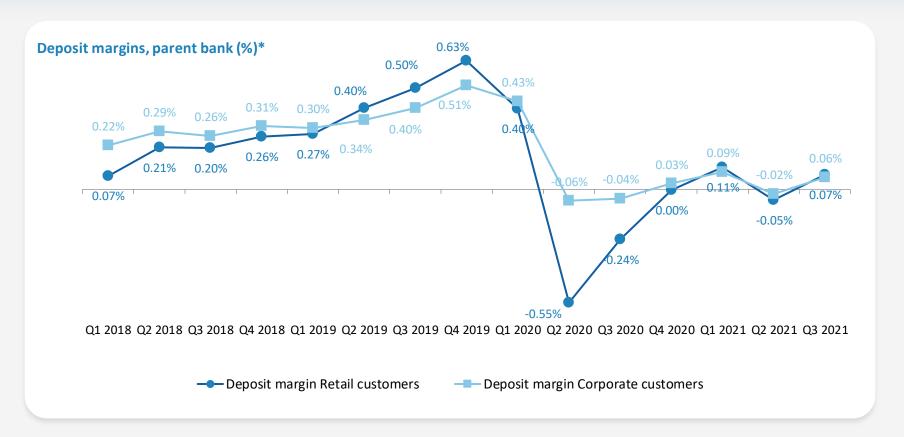


<sup>\*</sup> Based on allocation of customer loans between retail and corporate divisions, respectively.

## **Higher deposit margins**



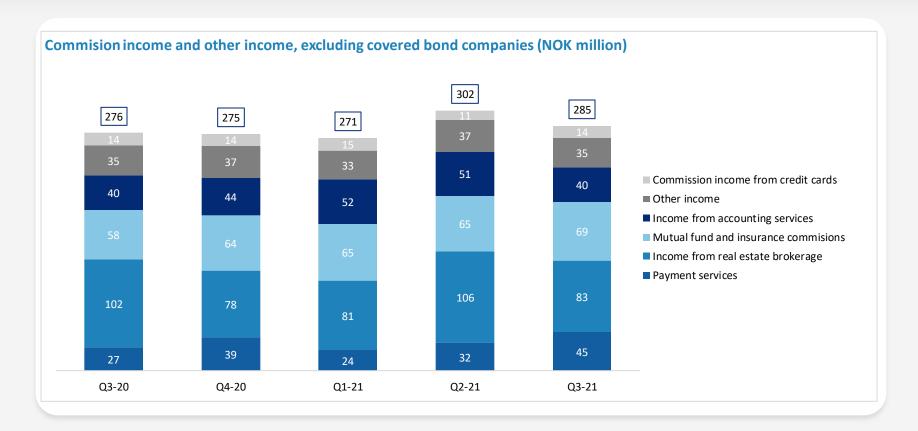
Deposit margins rise when money market rates (Nibor) increase



## **High commission income**



Commission income from real estate brokerage more normal compared to previous quarter



### **Profits in subsidiaries**

Profit Q3-2021 (same quarter last year in brackets)





### NOK 47 million

(NOK 39 million)

#### SpareBank 1 Finans Østlandet AS

- · Low loan losses and healthy margins.
- Lending growth 2.8 % (-0.3 %) last quarter.



#### NOK 1 million

(NOK 6 million)

#### EiendomsMegler 1 Innlandet AS

- Signs of lower activity in Q3.
- Income of NOK 34 million (NOK 40 million).



### **NOK 0 million**

(NOK 1 million)

#### SpareBank 1 Østlandet VIT AS - Group

- Profit after taxes of 0 MNOK (1 MNOK).
- Income of NOK 42 million (NOK 40 million).



#### NOK 2 million

(NOK 6 million)

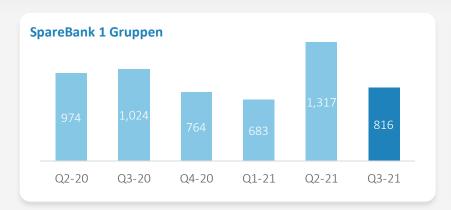
#### EiendomsMegler 1 Oslo Akershus AS - Group

- Lower activity in Q3 compared to last year.
- Income of NOK 50 million (NOK 62 million).

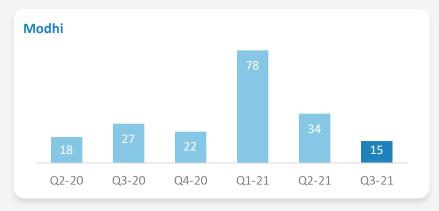
### A good third quarter for SpareBank 1 Gruppen

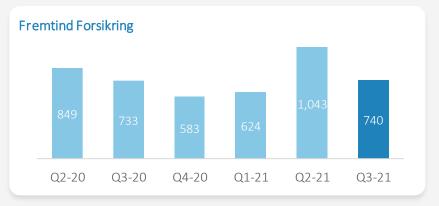


Quarterly pre-tax profits (NOK million). SpareBank 1 Gruppen and selected subsidiaries









### **Profits in joint ventures**

Profit Q3-2021 (same quarter last year in brackets)





### NOK 87 million

#### SpareBank 1 Forvaltning AS

- Founded on 1 May 2021
- Ownership 6.37 %.



#### **▼ NOK 58 million**

(NOK 67 million)

#### SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS

- Higher commission expenses to owner banks.
- Ownership 22.45 %.



### ▲ NOK 17 million (NOK 15 million)

#### SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt AS

- Restructured ownership. BN Bank bought B-shares.
- Ownership 10.65 %.



### NOK 53 million (NOK -2 million)

#### SpareBank 1 Kreditt AS

- Reduced loan loss provisions.
- Ownership 19.09 %.



### **NOK -2 million**

(NOK -5 million)

#### SpareBank 1 Betaling AS

- Improved core operations.
- Ownership 18.74 %.



#### NOK 118 million (NOK 100 million)

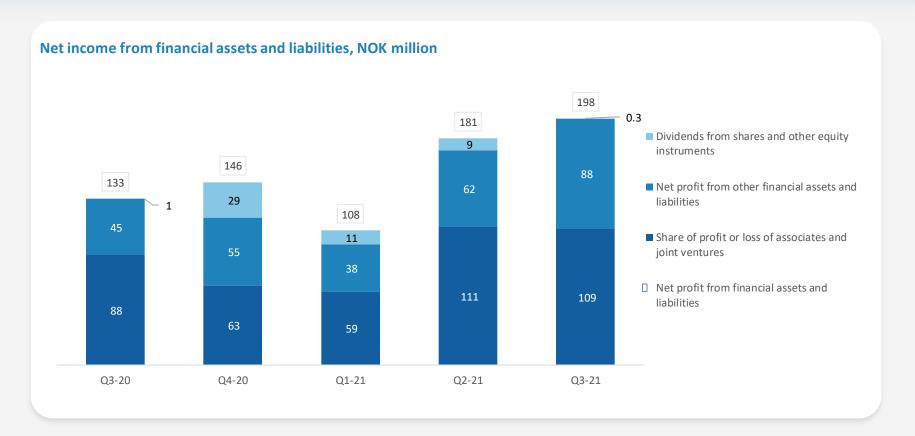
#### **BN Bank ASA**

- Higher NII, lower costs, loan loss reversals.
- Ownership 9.99 %.

### Solid contributions from financial items



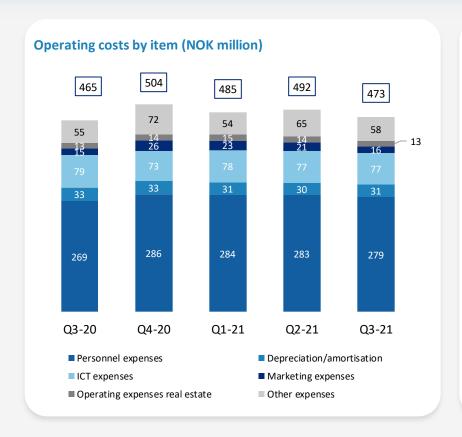
Healthy profits in joint ventures

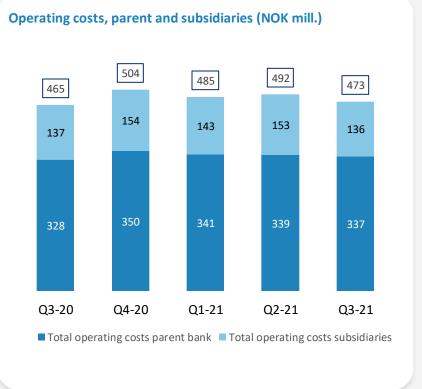


### Lower cost growth

### Seasonally lower costs and staffing



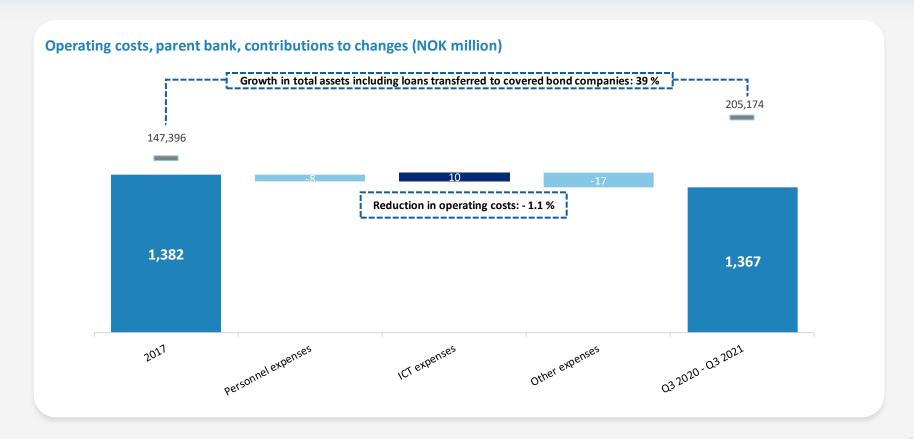




# Increasing economies of scale



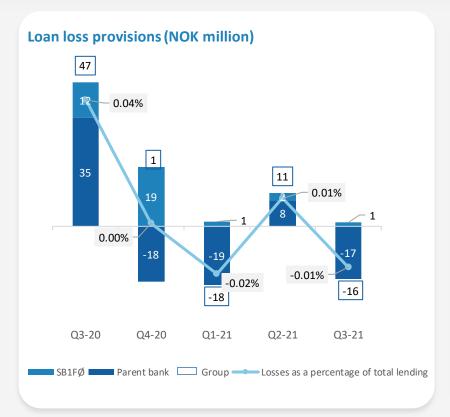
Significant asset growth, stable costs over time

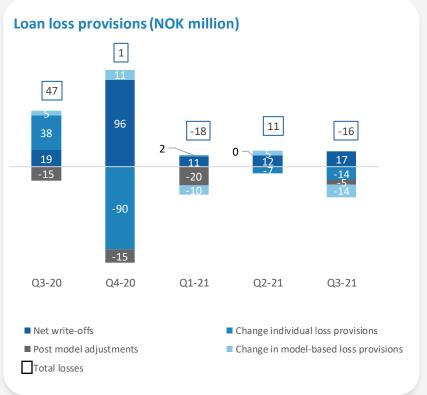


### Net reversals of loan loss provisions



Improved macro outlook warrants lower need for model-based loss provisions





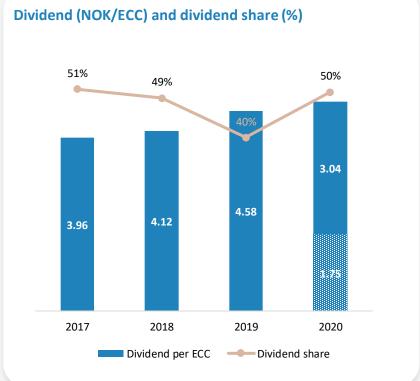
### Payment of remaining dividend for 2020



Total dividends for 2020 financial year will be in line with the bank's dividend policy

- On 28 Oct, Board approved payment of remaining 2020 dividends to ECC-holders.
- NOK 3.04 per ECC to be paid appr. 9 Nov.
   NOK 1.75 per ECC was paid in April.
- Long-term dividend target of 50 % holds.
   Bank is well placed to meet this target.

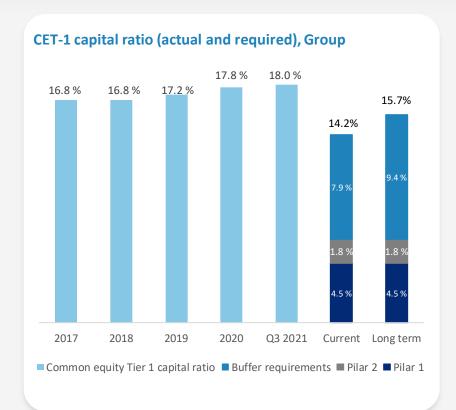




## **High CET-1 capital ratio**







- In Q3, the Group's CET-1 capital ratio was 18.0 %.
- The Group's long-term CET 1-target is the regulatory requirement with an added management buffer of 100 bps:
  - Equivalent to 15.2 % in Q3 2021.
  - Assumed normalization of the countercyclical capital buffer is taken into account in the Group's capital planning.
  - Solid capital position paves way for healthy growth and stable dividend policy.

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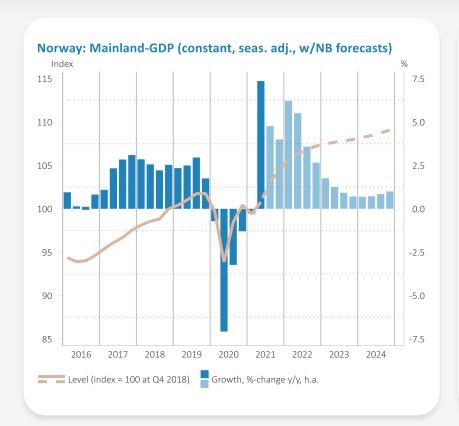


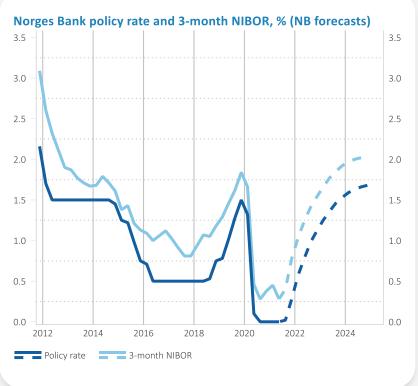


## Norges Bank forecasts a continued economic upswing



With gradual increases in the policy rate





## More balanced housing market, with gradually lower activity in 2021



House prices in bank's market areas vs Norway as a whole

- Continued flattening of house prices in Q3 2021, in Norway and market areas.
- Rate hikes from Norges Bank weigh on house prices, but lower unemployment and relatively low supply of housing contributes positively.
- Slowdown more apparent in Oslo than in surrounding cities. Areas around Oslo benefit from strong net migration, a trend that has probably strengthened following the pandemic.
- Lower housing sales in Q3 2021 compared to same quarter last year: Down 11 % nationally, 14 % in Oslo.
- Somewhat lengthier turnover times in Q3 2021 than in previous quarter:
  - Norway: from 34 to 38 days
  - Oslo: From 16 to 24 days
  - Romerike: From 27 to 29 days
  - Innlandet: From 41 to 42 days



### **Income statement**

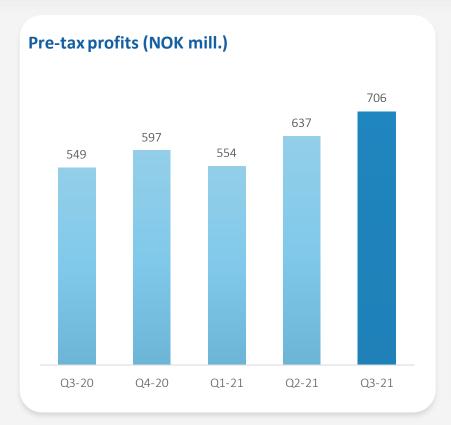


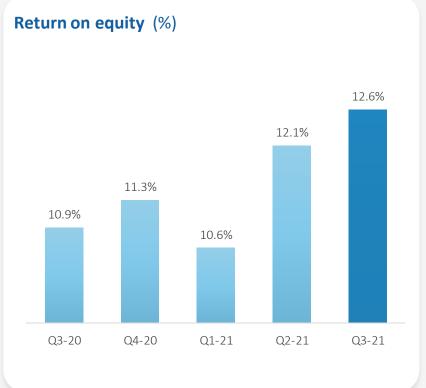


			01.01.2021-	01.01.2020-	
	3Q-2021	3Q-2020	30.09.2021	30.09.2020	2020
Net interest income	552	536	1,628	1,628	2,177
Net commission income	364	343	1,034	866	1,215
Other income	50	49	174	169	226
Dividends	0	1	21	13	41
Net profit from ownership interest	109	88	278	331	394
Net income from financial assets/liabilities	88	45	188	55	109
Total operating expenses	473	465	1,450	1,399	1,902
Operating profit before losses on loans and guarantees	690	596	1,873	1,663	2,262
Impairment on loans and guarantees	-16	47	-23	328	330
Pre-tax operating profit	706	549	1,896	1,335	1,932
Tax expense	144	111	379	193	323
Profit/loss after tax	561	438	1,517	1,142	1,608
Return on equity	12.6 %	11.3 %	11.8 %	9.7 %	10.1 %
Cost/income ratio	40.7 %	40.2 %	43.6 %	45.7 %	45.7 %
Losses on loans as a percentage of gross loans	-0.1 %	0.5 %	0.0 %	0.4 %	0.3 %

# **Higher profits**





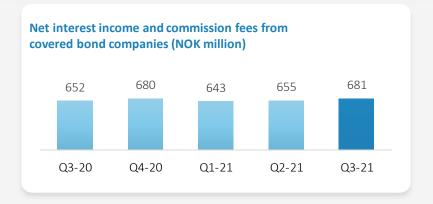


# **Key financials - quarterly**

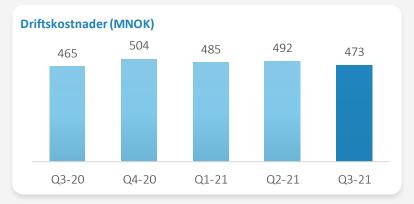
SpareBank O STLANDET

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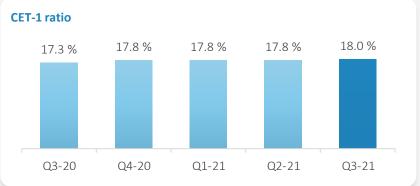


# **Key financials - quarterly**









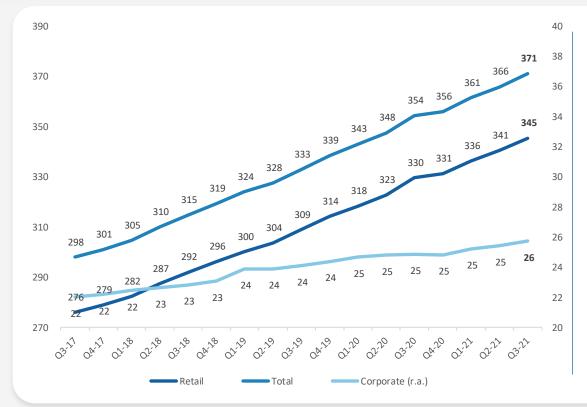




### **Customer growth continues**

## Numbers of customers in parent bank (in 1,000x)<sup>1</sup>



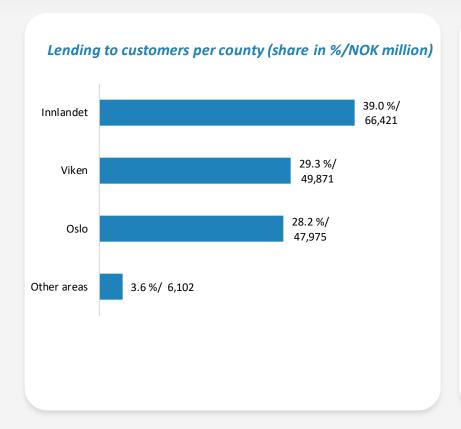


- Strong customer growth in Q3-21, with 4,875 new customers.
- Net customer growth in the bank was 4.7 % y/y.
  - Retail: 4.8 %
  - Corporate: 3.4 %

### The Group's lending by geography



Lending to customers per geographic area and change last 12 months (% and NOK million)

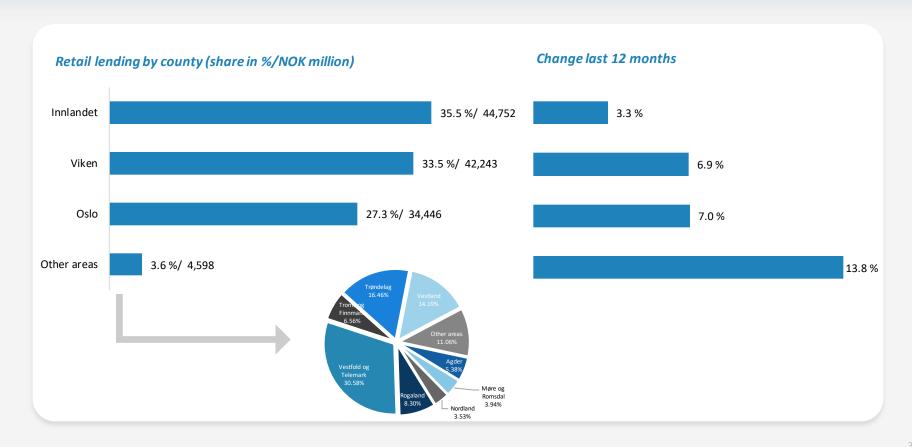




## Mortgage loan growth by geography



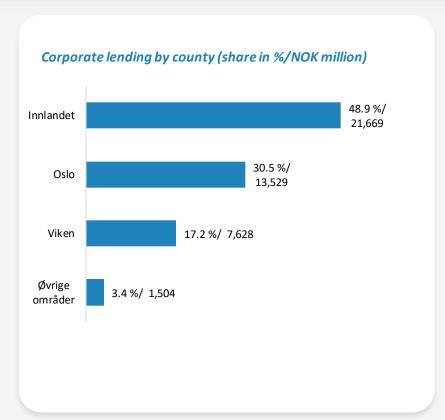
Retail lending per geographic area and change last 12 months (% and NOK million)



## Large single exposures driving geographic allocation of CM growth



Corporate lending per geographic area and change last 12 months (% and NOK million)

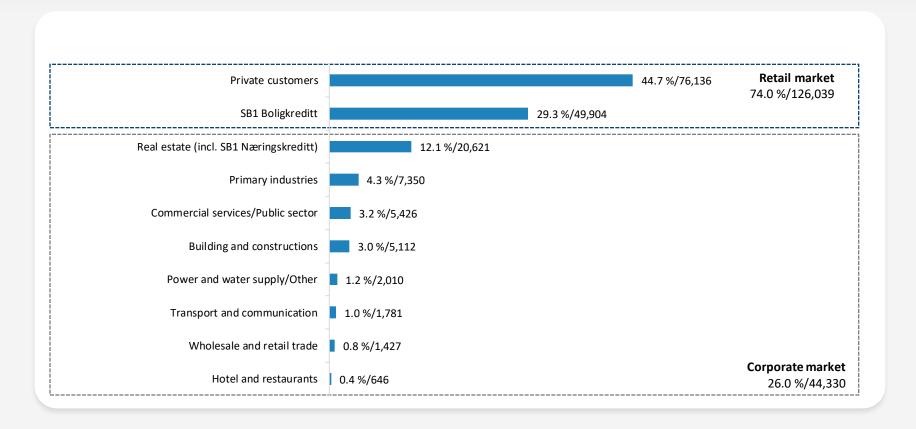




# Cyclically stable loan portfolio, limited exposures to sectors hit by pandemic



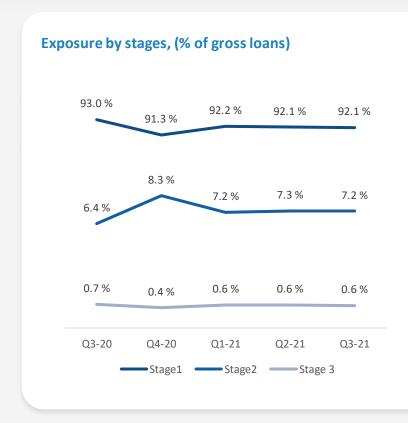
Lending to customers per sector (% and NOK million)

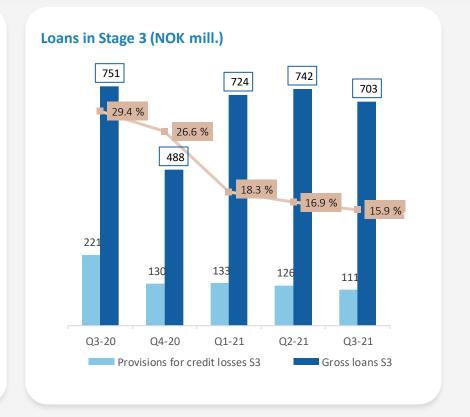


# **Lower levels of non-performing loans**





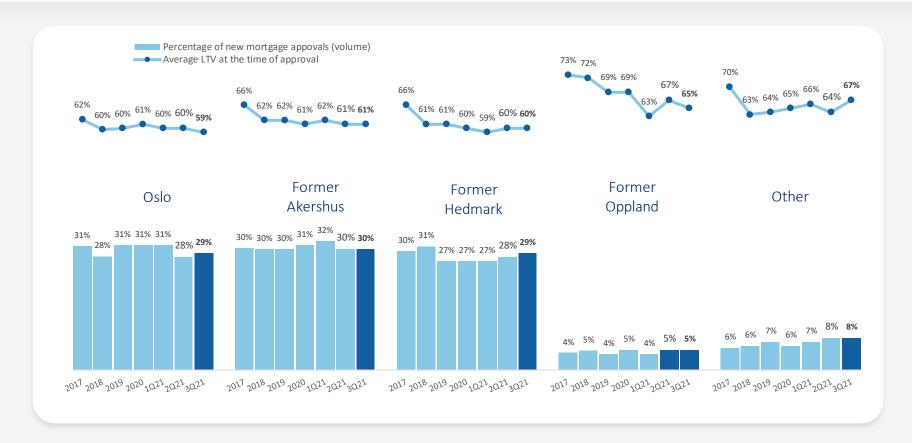




### **Stable low LTV in new mortgage approvals**



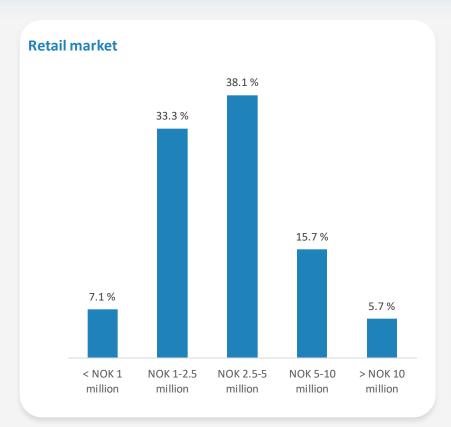
Share of new mortgage approvals and average LTV per period and county

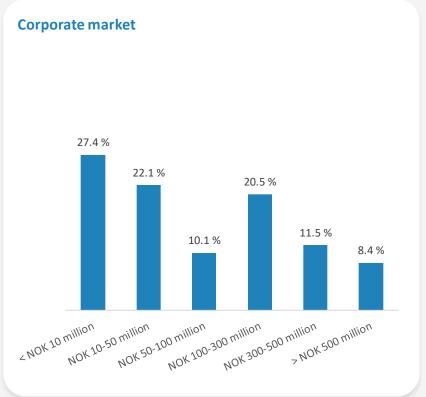


### Size concentration risk in the lending book is low



Retail and corporate loans by size (% share)\*

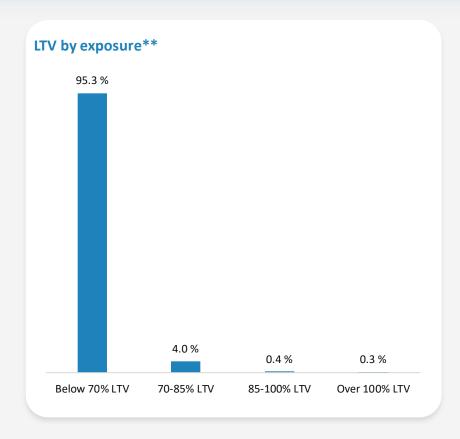




### The use of the flexibility quota is targeted at priority customers



Exposure per LTV bucket in the residential mortgage portfolio



Mortgages – Utilisation of flexibility quota in Q3-21:

City of Oslo 7.8 % (8 % quota)

Other areas 8.3 % (10 % quota)

The mortgage regulation\* constrains housing mortgage lending through defined requirements:

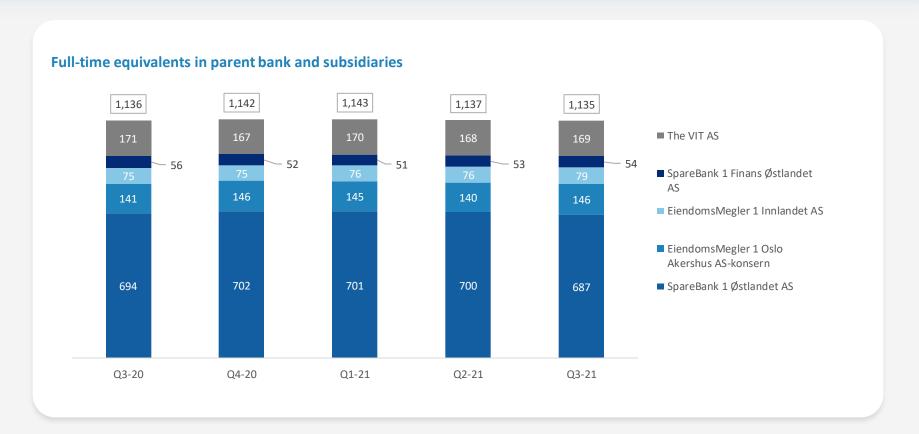
- Debt servicing capacity
  - Stress test of a sudden 5 % mortgage rate increase
- Maximum loan to value
  - Max 85 % LTV on new lending
  - (A stricter 75 % LTV legal requirement in the SB1 Boligkreditt cover pool)
- Gearing
  - Total debt must not exceed five times gross annual income
- Requirement of installment payment

Exceptions are permitted within 10 % (8% for Oslo) of the total granted volume each quarter (the «Flexibility Quota»).

### Headcount

### Parent bank and Group





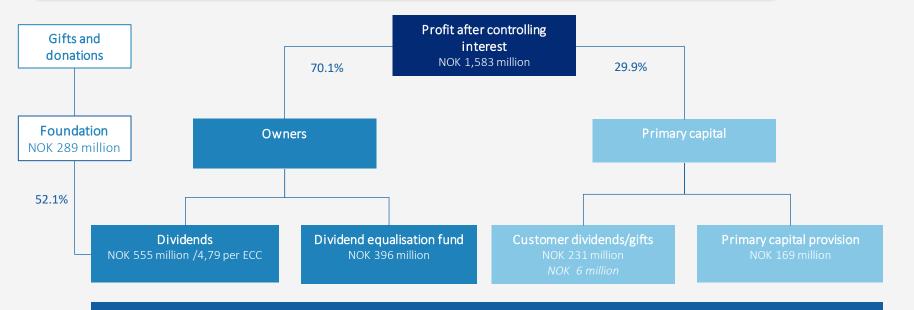
### Capital structure and allocation of 2020 profit



In line with target of 50 % dividend share, for owners and society (through primary capital)

- NOK 1.75 per equity certificate and MNOK 6 gifts was paid in April, based on the MoF's recommendation.
- In November 2021, the bank will pay NOK 3.04 per ECC and up to NOK 231 mill. in customer dividends.

**ILLUSTRATION** 



Dividends for the owners and customers equal 50 % of the Group's profit after tax1)

<sup>1)</sup> The figures in the statement do not add up to 100% because the results in subsidiaries, profit contributions, Bank's donation provisions, fund for unrealised gains and minority interests have been excluded.

### **SPOL**

### Metrics and performance



	30.09.2021	30.09.2020
Market price (NOK)	129.60	87.70
Market capitalisation (NOK million)	15,012	10,158
Book equity per ECC 1)	105.82	96.00
Earnings per ECC, NOK <sup>2)</sup>	8.96	6.80
Price/Earnings per ECC <sup>3)</sup>	10.82	9.66
Price/book equity 4)	1.22	0.91

- SPOI return:
  - Return Q3-21<sup>5</sup> + 8.9 %
  - Return  $y/y^5$  + 50.2 %
- Higher liquidity in Q3-21 than in same period in 2020.
  - Average daily transaction volume in 2021 so far is 34,127 ECCs.
  - Daily average turnover: NOK 3.9 million.

- 1) Group book equity without hybrid capital, minority interest and provision for gifts x ownership interest\* / number of ECC's
- 2) Profit after tax for controlling interests x Equity capital certificate ratio\*/ number of ECC's.
- 3) Market price in NOK/annualized earnings per ECC.
- 4) Market price in NOK\*nu of ECC's /book equity (parent bank) x equity capital certificate ratio\*
- 5) Dividend adjusted return
- \*Equity capital certificate ratio as at 31.12.2020







Richard Heiberg
CEO
+47 902 06 018
richard.heiberg@sb1ostlandet.no



Geir-Egil Bolstad CFO +47 918 82 071 geir-egil.bolstad@sb1ostlandet.no



Bjørn-Erik R. Orskaug
Investor Relations
+47 922 39 185
bjorn-erik.orskaug@sb1ostlandet.no

#### **Disclaimer**



This presentation contains forward-looking statements that reflect management's current views with respect to certain future events and potential financial performance.

Although SpareBank 1 Østlandet believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove to have been correct. Accordingly, results could differ materially from those set out in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors.

Important factors that may cause such a difference for SpareBank 1 Østlandet are, but are not limited to: (i) the macroeconomic development, (ii) change in the competitive climate, (iii) change in the regulatory environment and other government actions and (iv) change in interest rate and foreign exchange rate levels.

This presentation does not imply that SpareBank 1 Østlandet has undertaken to revise these forward-looking statements, beyond what is required by applicable law or applicable stock exchange regulations if and when circumstances arise that will lead to changes compared to the date when these statements were provided.