

Q4 2014
Preliminary annual accounts 2014

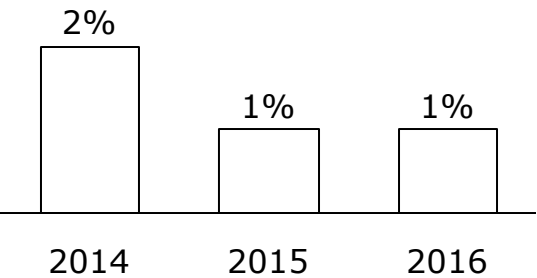
February 5th 2015



North Trøndelag

Deceleration in sight

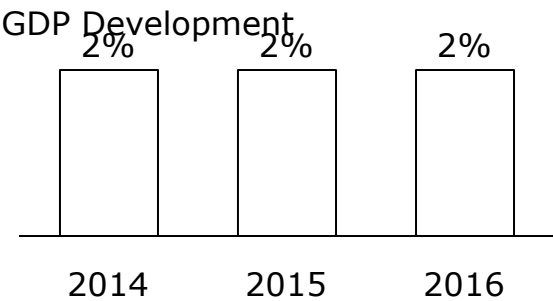
GDP Development



The overall picture for North Trøndelag is relatively pale, with modest growth this year and weak growth in 2015 and 2016. An undiversified business sector centred on primary industries and commerce makes for low capacity for growth.

South Trøndelag

Better placed than neighbouring counties

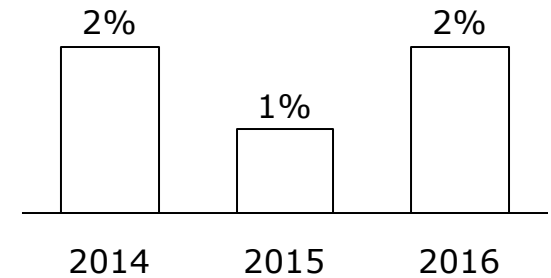


Overall growth prospects for the economy of South Trøndelag follow the national trend. The county will be less impacted than the rest of the region. As from the second half of 2015 the situation will stabilise, with quickening activity growth in 2016.

Møre and Romsdal

Lower growth ahead

GDP Development



All in all tougher economic times ahead in Møre and Romsdal after several years of high growth. The consequences of lower investment on the shelf will feed through in earnest in 2015, but the first signs will be seen this autumn

Low exposure to oil related activity. The oil price has little direct impact on customers of SMN; it has indirect effects for the economy in general

Offshore accounts for a small proportion of low risk exposure

SMN's exposure to petroleum activity is mainly:

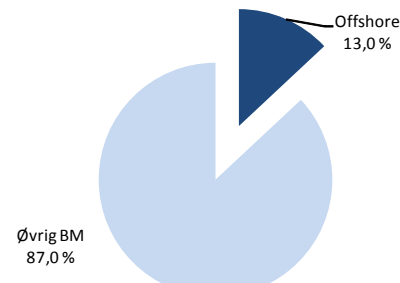
1. Exposure to the vessel segment offshore
2. Shipyards – offshore, fisheries, well boats and RoRo
3. Exposure to other supplier industry – mainly equipment suppliers and engineering activity. The bank's risk is low.
4. Direct and/or indirect financing of commercial property/residential property related to petroleum activity.

We have few large tenants occupying office property that are oil related, and a relatively small market share of the retail market in Møre & Romsdal where the number of petroleum-related jobs is far larger than in North and South Trøndelag.

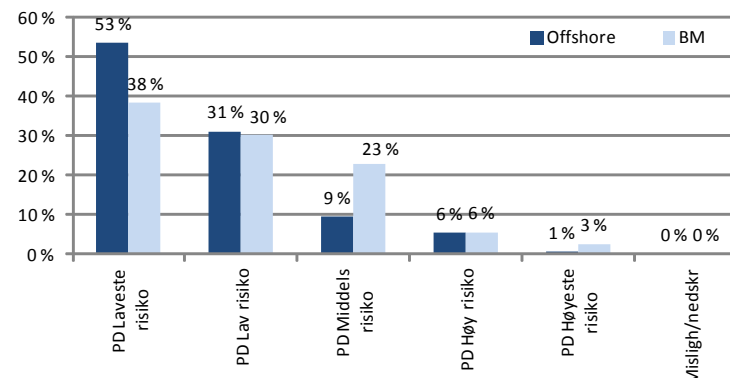
Our financing is in all essentials related to offshore service vessels.

Offshore accounts for a small proportion (13%) of low risk exposure (84% lowest and low)

Offshore vs. samlet BM portefølje (EAD)



Fordeling Risikogrupper (PD)



Very good result in 2014

Strong profit, 15.1% ROE in 2014

Core business on a positive trend with increased commission income and moderate cost growth

SpareBank 1 SMN has, and is further developing, a very solid market position throughout Mid-Norway

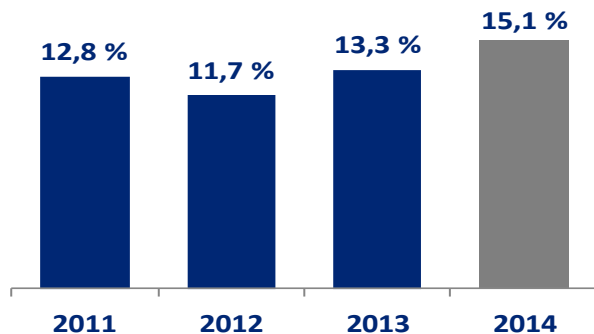
CET1 target shall be reached without ordinary stock issue, but steps need to be taken

Digitalization simplifies and enhances both customer experience and production processes

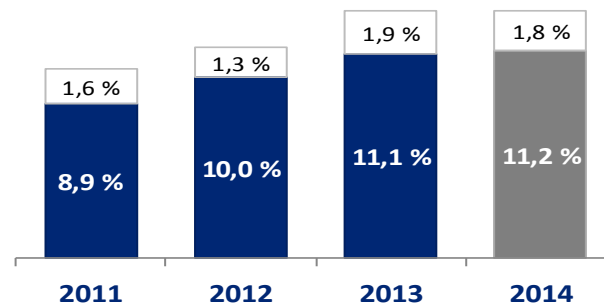
New costs target entails zero growth at the parent bank as from 2015, digitalization enables efficiency gains

Improved profits and capitalization

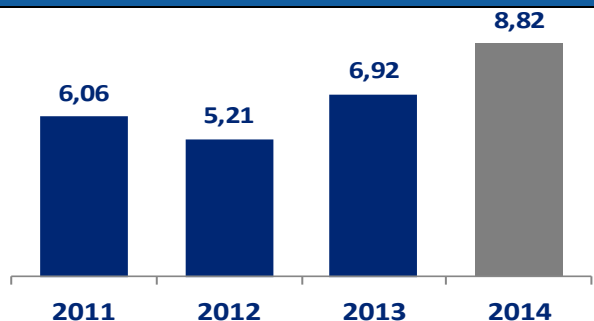
Return on equity



Tier 1 capital ratio with and without hybrid capital



Earnings per ECC



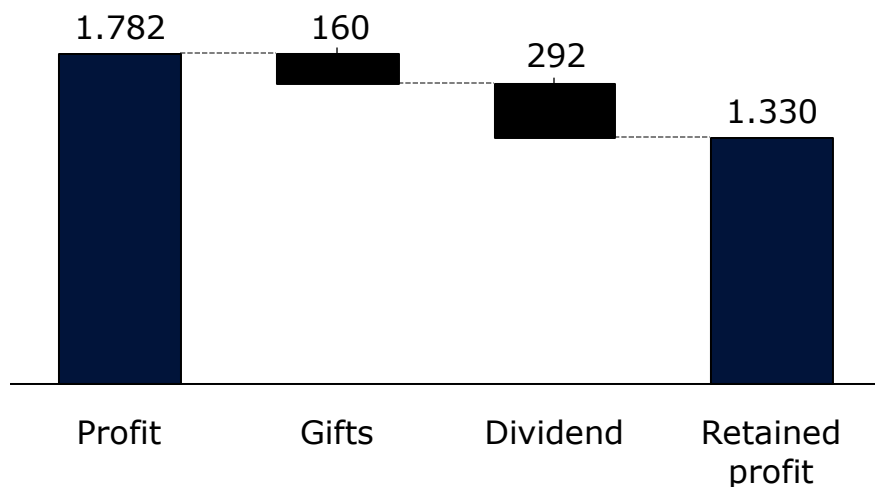
Loans in default and other problem loans as a percentage of total loans



Q4 2014

Board of directors recommends dividend of NOK 2.25 per EC

Profit of 1,782m distributed



Dividend in line with capital plan

- In line with capital plan the Board recommends a payout ratio of 25 % of the group's profit. In the capital build-up period, dividend payouts will be in the range 25-35%
- The Board recommends a cash dividend of NOK 2.25 kroner per equity certificate, a total of NOK 292m
- The board of directors further recommends the supervisory board to allocate NOK 160m as gifts, NOK 40m will be allocated to non-profit causes and NOK 120m donated to the foundation Sparebankstiftelsen SMN

Earnings per equity certificate 8.82. ECC-holder ratio 64,6 %

The subsidiaries predominate in their markets and contribute to diversified and robust value creation

SpareBank 1 Finans



Solid market position
Leasing NOK 1.9bn, car loans 1.7bn
Pre-tax profit of NOK 67.9m (50.7m)

No 1 position in market area

90.9% stake

EiendomsMegler 1



- 40% market share, strong synergy with the bank
- Pre-tax profit of NOK 50.9m (60.7m)
- Slow start to the year, increased activity over the year

No 1 position in market area

87% stake

SpareBank 1 Regnskapshuset



- Turnover growth of 39% compared with same period of 2013
- Pre-tax profit of NOK 40.5m (14.4m)
- A further 4 firms acquired in 2014

No 1 position in market area

100% stake

SpareBank 1 Markets



- To be integrated with the bank in Q2-2015
- Development in line with plan
- Strong cost reduction completed

No 1 position in market area

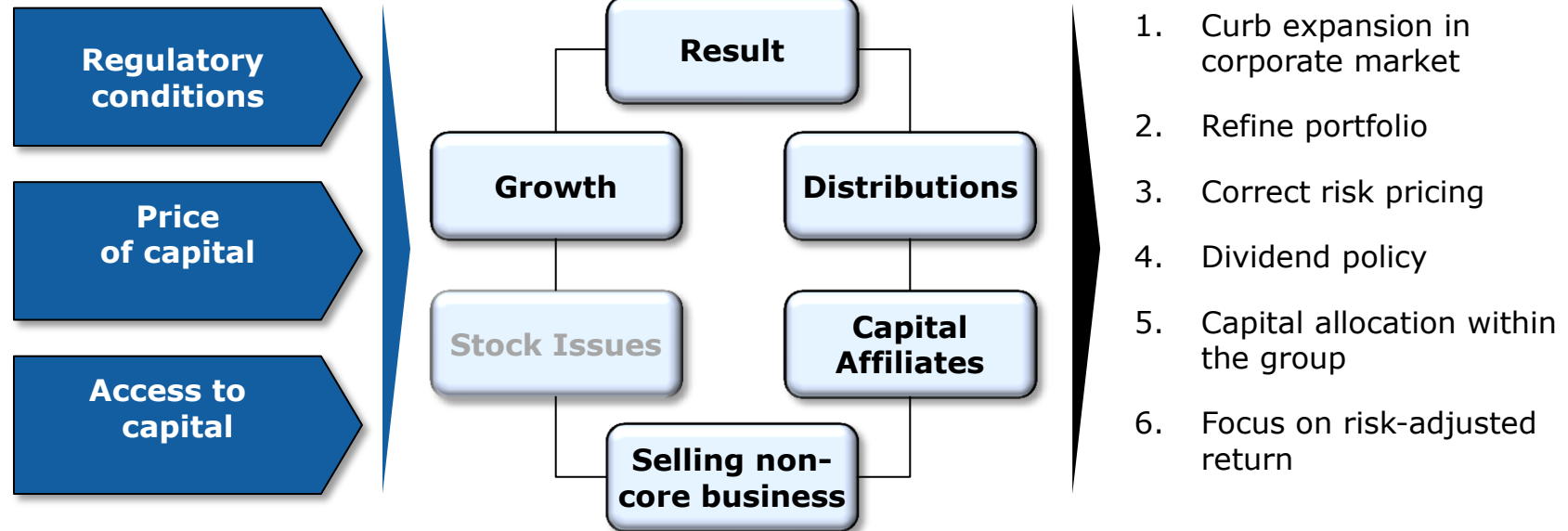
73.3% stake

SpareBank 1 SMN will now meet the core capital target of 13.5% by mid-2016 without an ordinary stock issue

Capital a scarce factor

The bank must balance

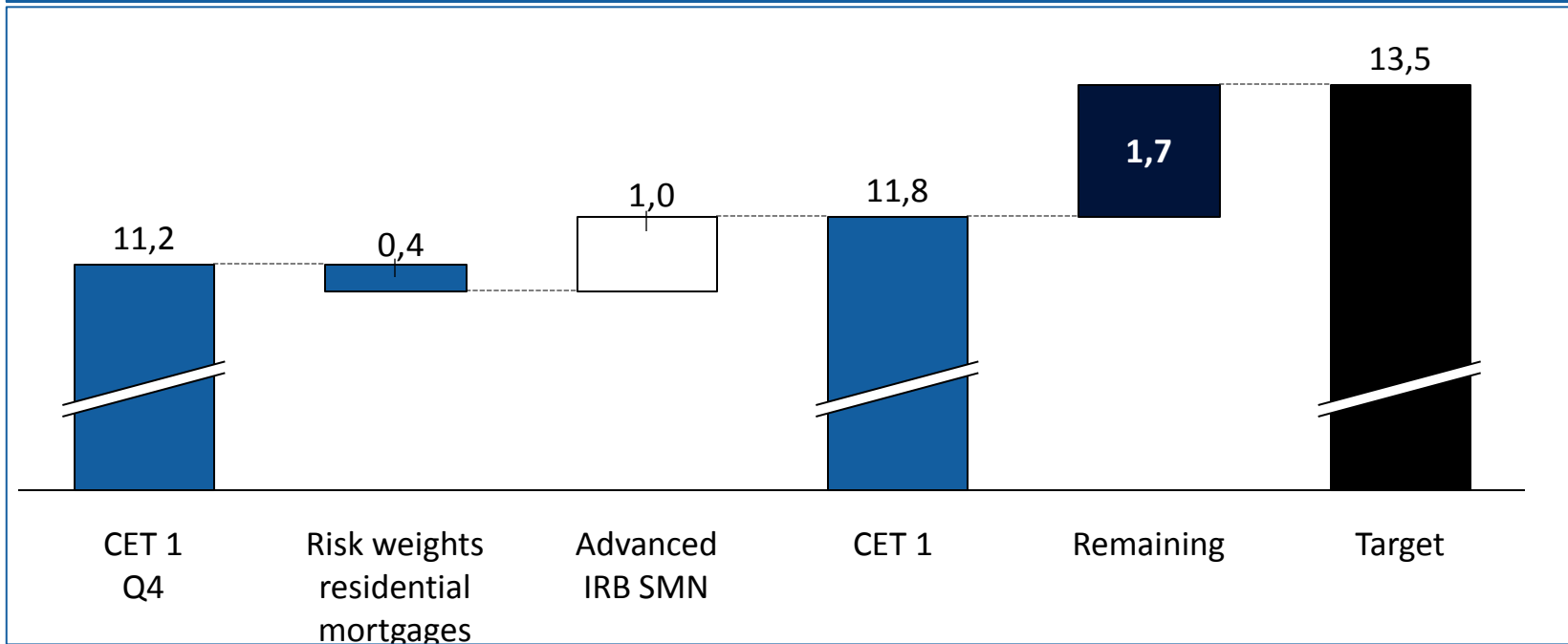
Room for action



Drivers: Tougher requirements on common equity tier 1 capital, expanded risk-weighted assets and increased requirements on capital strength

Tha Bank shal reach the 13,5 % CET1 target

Estimates CET1 against 30. juni 2016



Profit retention, low dividend payouts and controlled growth will ensure that the bank reaches the capital plan target of 13.5%

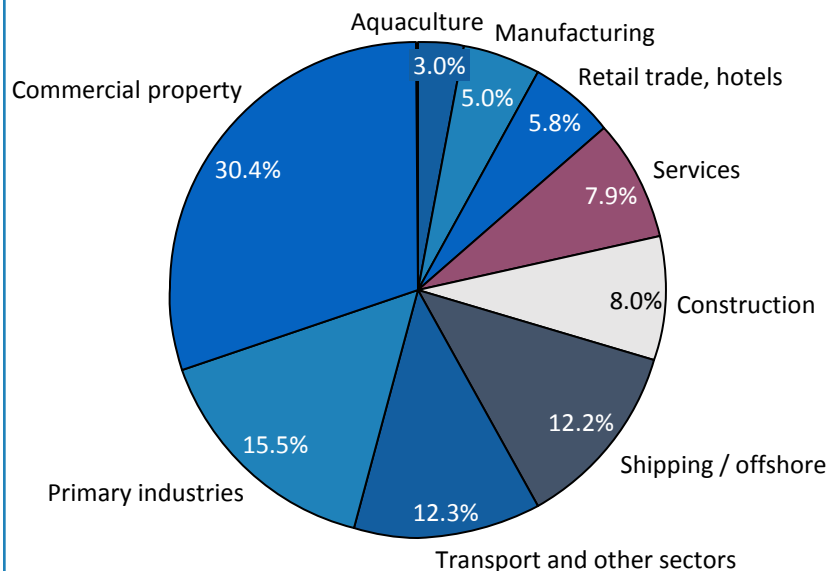
Growth in the corporate market segment to be rebalanced towards 2016

Volume to be weighted on segments on the basis of profitability

Rebalance volume in corporate market segment

- SpareBank 1 SMN has a solid market position in the corporate segment in the regions and has about 1 in 3 businesses as customers.
- Strong growth in lending to business sector in Q4-2014, and growth is somewhat higher than envisaged in the capital plan.
- To realise the capital plan, the bank needs to rebalance the growth geared to the corporate market in 2015 and 2016.
- The bank will reduce volume in certain segments and rebalance volume in relation to EVA and risk adjusted return.

NOK 46bn broken down by segment in per cent



Changing customer behaviour and digitalisation provide new potentials for customer dialogue and good customer experience; strong growth in use of digital facilities

Changing customer behaviour and digitalisation gives new sales potentials and

- 1 More products in the digital channel
- 2 Use of data, analysis and customer dialogue
- 3 Seamless channels pull together

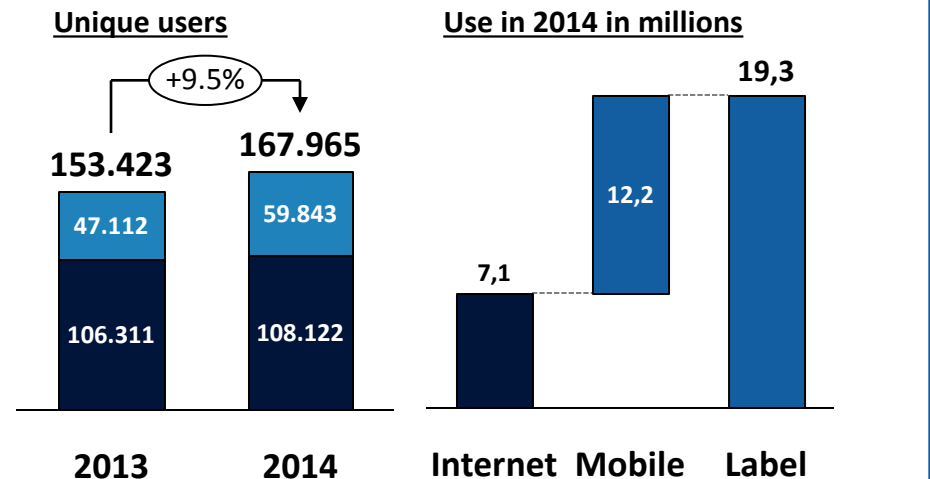


New products being launched in the mobile bank all the while. SMN to launch new webpages this year. Greater effort focused on large data volumes, analysis and use of customer data in order to enhance customer experience and cross-sales

Growing number of digital customers ; traffic on digital channels soon to reach 20 million

Solid services and good user experience attract more digital customers

Internet bank
Mobile bank



Customers log into the internet bank 4-5 times a month and log into the mobile bank about 19 times a month. Over 30% increase in mobile bank use in 2014. High satisfaction rate with the solutions.

Zero growth in costs towards 2016

The bank is enhancing efficiency to maintain competitiveness

Continuous cost focus will bring zero growth in costs in run-up to 2016

Industrially rational

- Continuous focus on efficiency brings improved quality
- Cost efficiencies contribute to a more efficient organisation
- Adapting costs promotes a more effective business model

Tough and efficient competitors

- Competitors have ambitious costs plans
- If we are to compete on prices and terms, we must be efficient
- Cost efficiency strengthens the bank's market power

A more efficient bank

- Increased self-service and digitalization creates space for efficiency enhancement
- Making processes more efficient frees up time and resources
- A more efficient bank makes for a better customer experience

Three initiatives will help create the bank of the future, develop the organisation and enhance the bank's efficiency

1

Create a forward-looking, offensive and sales-oriented organisation



2

Develop and renew an efficient distribution model with lower costs



3

Best for customer experience through continuous customer dialogue and increased use of customer data



SpareBank 1 SMN intends to be among the best performing banks

Customer orientation	Best on customer experience Will continue to strengthen market position
Profitable	Among the best performing banks, ROE 12 % annually
Solid	13.5% by the end of 1. half 2016
Efficient	Zero cost growth in parent bank 2014 – 2016
Dividend	Real-terms payout ratio of 25% to 35%. Strong focus on strengthening capital through retained profit



Financial information



Preliminary figures 2014

Net profit NOK 1.782 (1.400m)

Return on equity 15.1 % (13.3 %)

Result of core business NOK 1.424m (1.256m)

Cost growth parent bank 3.1 % (-0.7%)

CET 1 11.2 % (11.1 %)

Growth in lending RM 8.0 % and CM 6.1 % in 2014

Booked equity capital per ECC NOK 62.04 (55.69), profit per ECC NOK 8.82 (NOK 6.92)

Q4 2014

Profit NOK 375m (361m)

ROE 12.1 % (13.1 %)

Result of core business NOK 343m (320m)

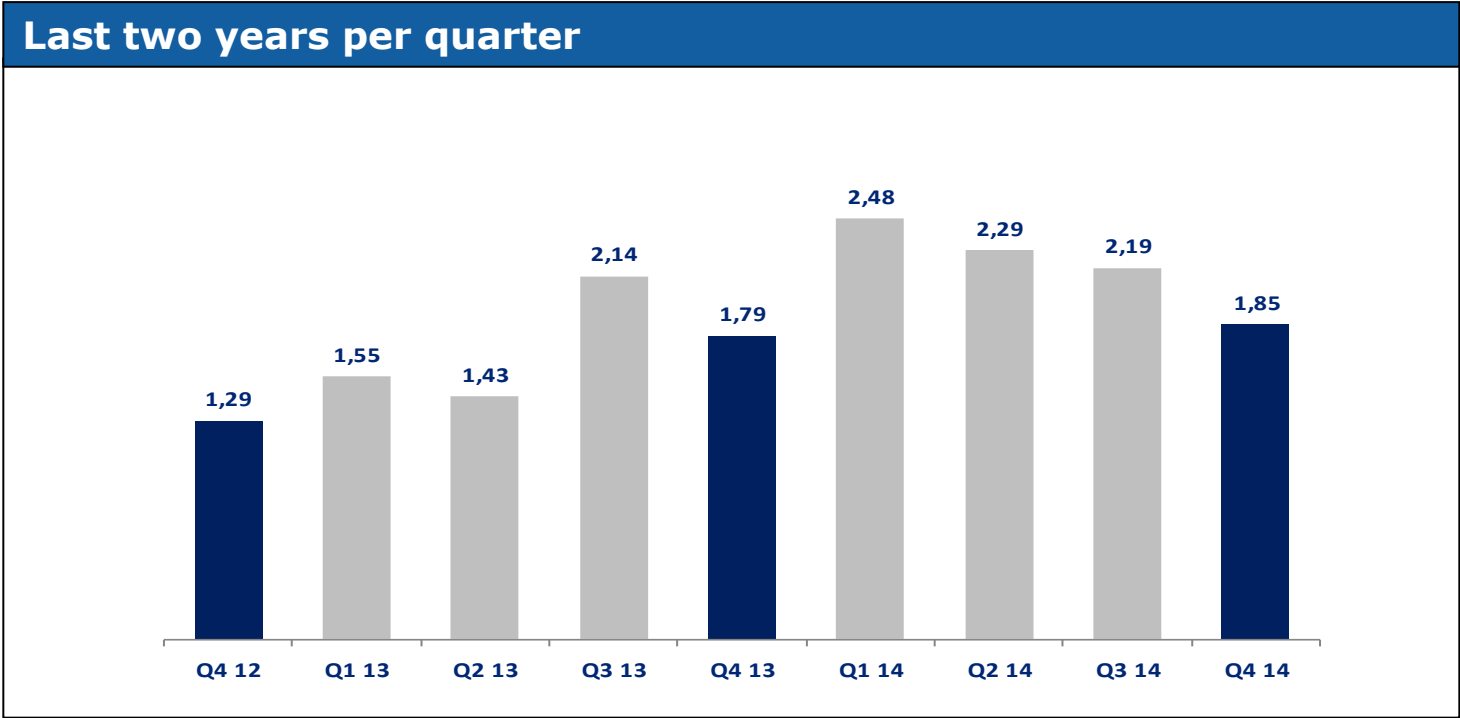
Growth in lending RM 2.1 % (1,7%) and CM 5.6 % (1,5%) in Q4 2014

Earnings per ECC NOK 1.85 (1.79)

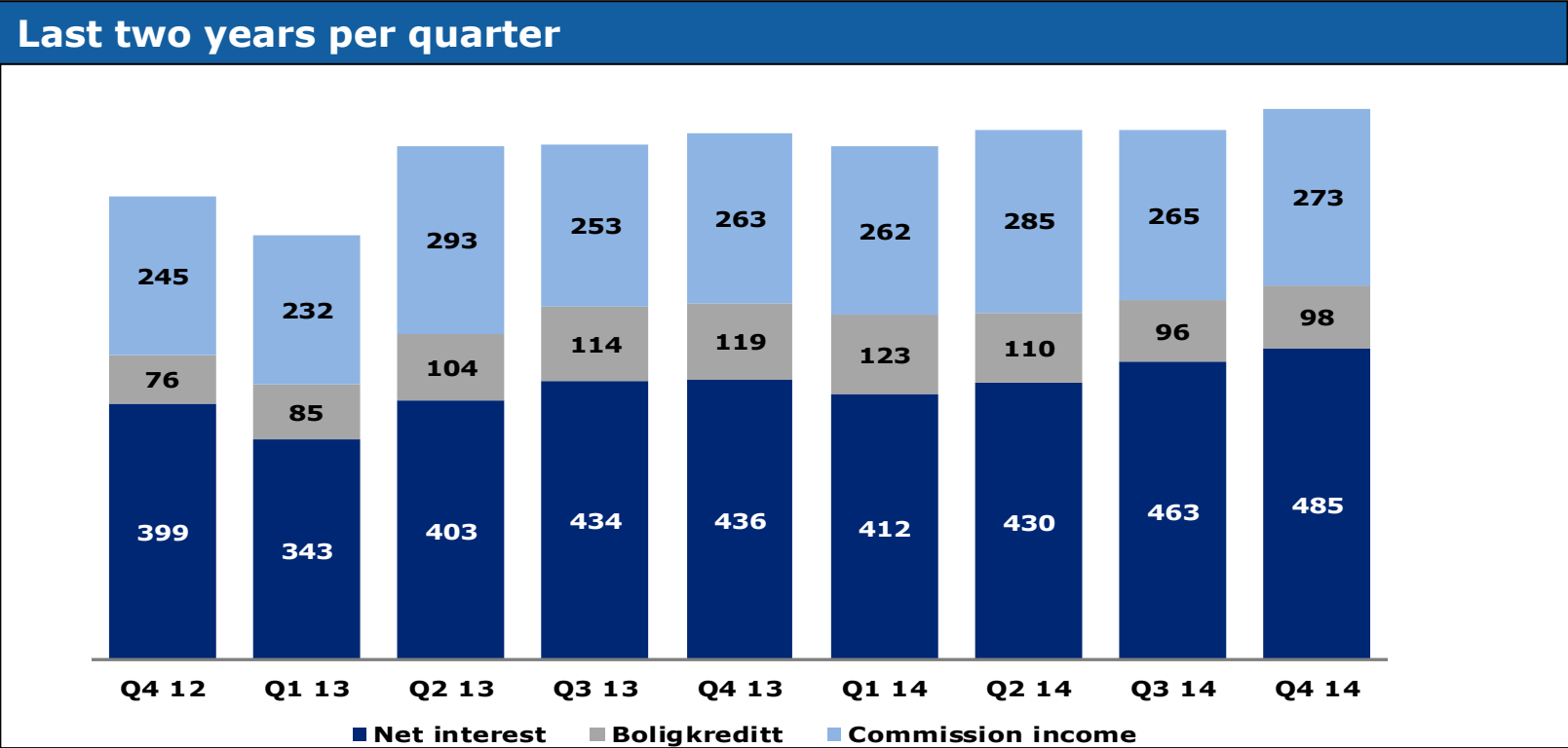
Positive development in profits

Profit	2014			per quarter				
NOK mill	30 Dec. 2014	30 Dec. 2013	Change	Q4 14	Q3 14	Q2 14	Q1 14	Q4 13
Net interest	1.790	1.616	174	485	463	430	412	436
Commission income and other income	1.512	1.463	49	371	361	394	385	382
Operating income	3.302	3.079	223	856	823	825	798	818
Total operating expenses	1.789	1.721	68	479	425	443	441	465
Pre-loss result of core business	1.513	1.357	155	377	398	382	356	352
Losses on loans and guarantees	89	101	-12	34	24	15	17	32
Post-loss result of core business	1.424	1.256	167	343	374	367	340	320
Related companies, including held for sale	527	384	143	144	169	131	84	94
Securities, foreign currency and derivatives	193	147	45	-53	1	70	175	58
Result before tax	2.144	1.788	356	434	544	567	598	471
Tax	362	388	-26	60	101	103	99	110
Net profit	1.782	1.400	382	375	443	464	500	361
Return on equity	15,1 %	13,3 %		12,1 %	14,5 %	16,0 %	17,7 %	13,1 %

Earnings per ECC



Positive development operating income



A clear strategy brings results and contributes to diversified revenues from a broad segment that is geographically dispersed across the region

Clear strategy

Clear strategic direction in which the finance house is further developed

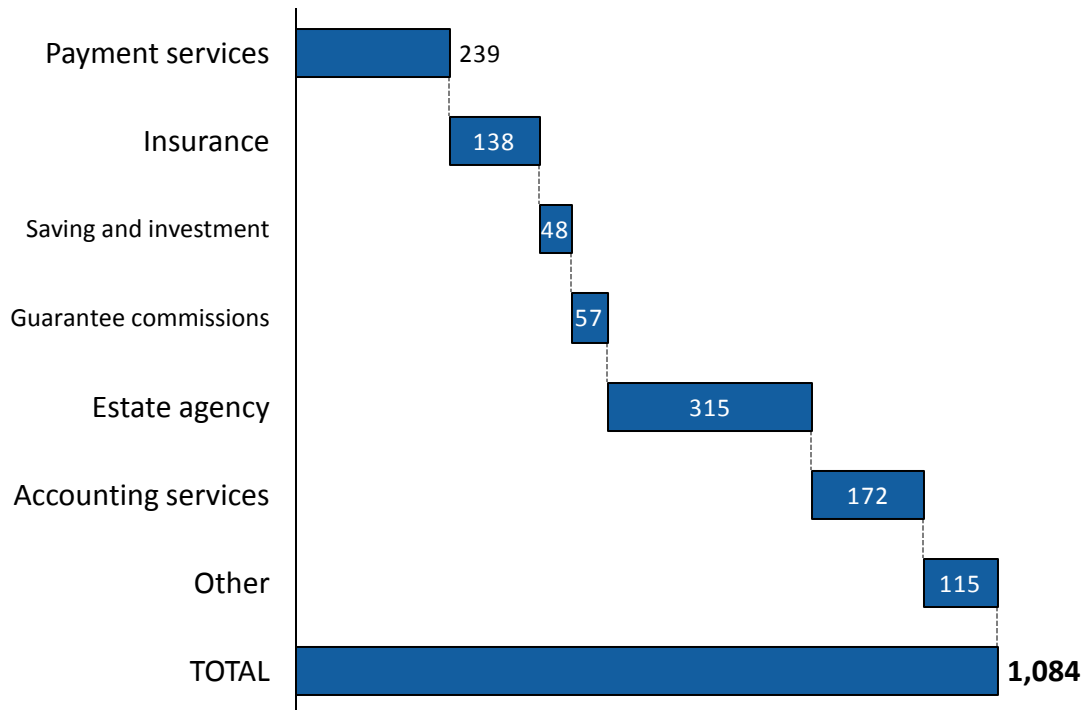
Synergy between the parent bank and subsidiaries

Increased focus on sales of general-interest products

Increasing sales on direct bank and digital channels

Sales-oriented organisation with clear sales objectives

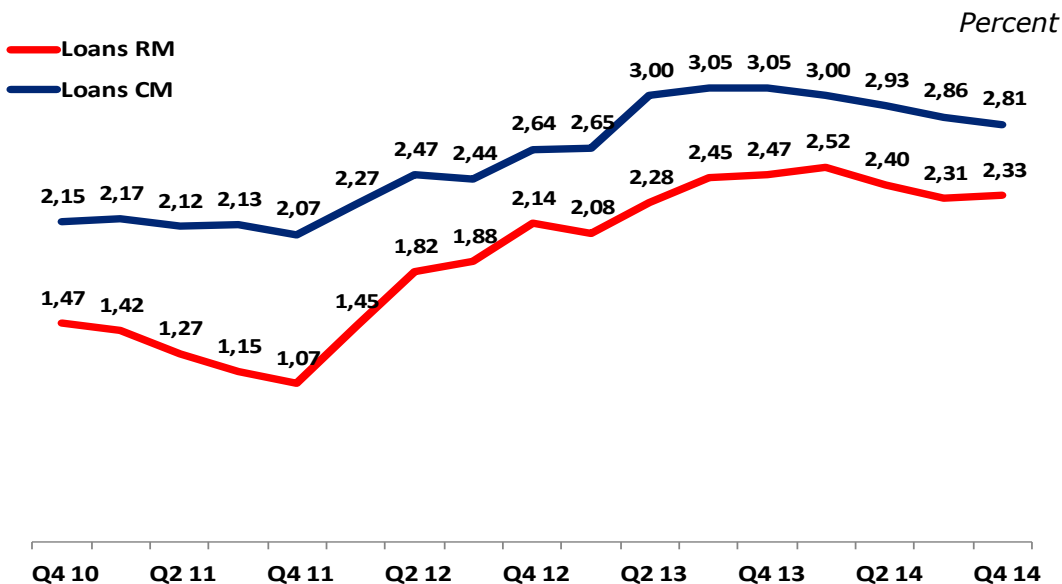
.... Strong results from subsidiaries and business areas



Lending margins Retail and Corporate

Increased capital requirements led to strengthened margins in 2013

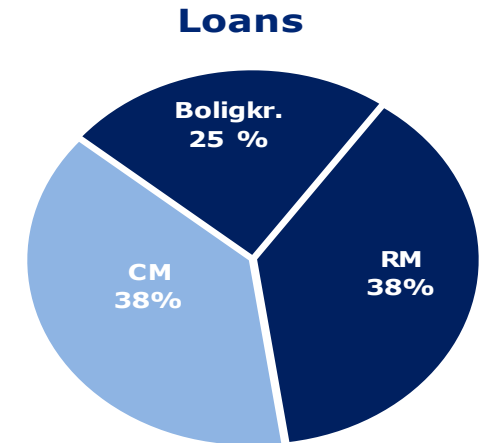
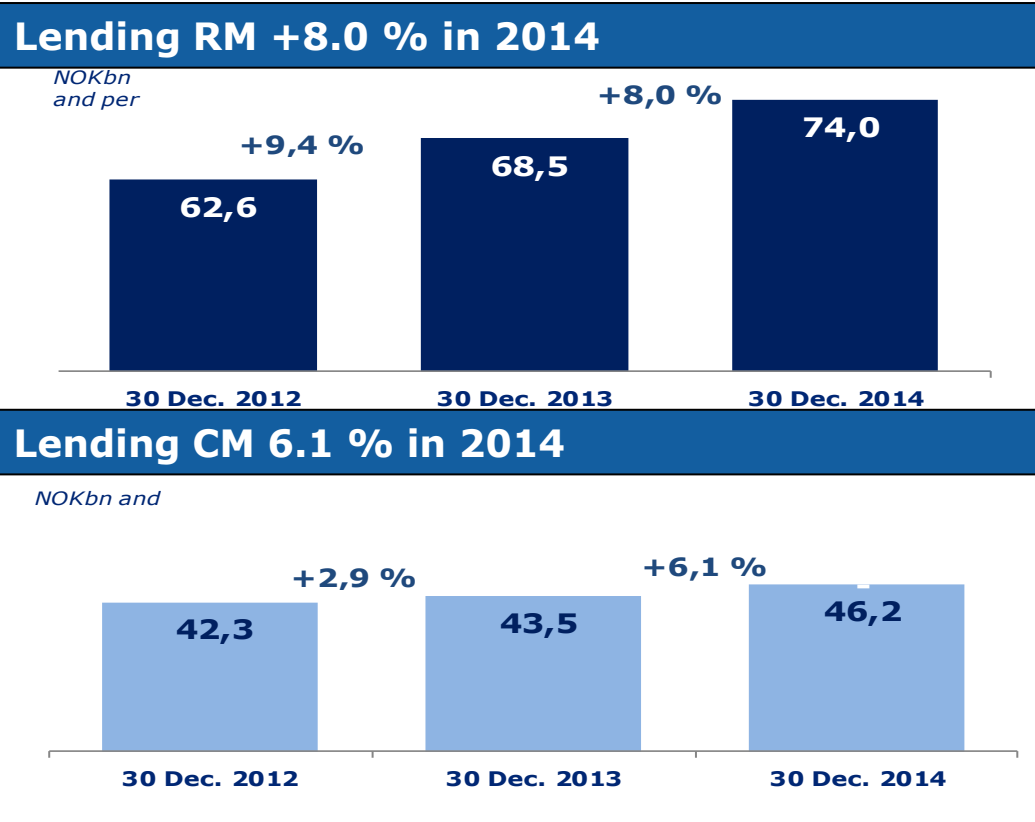
Per quarter from Q4 2010



Comments

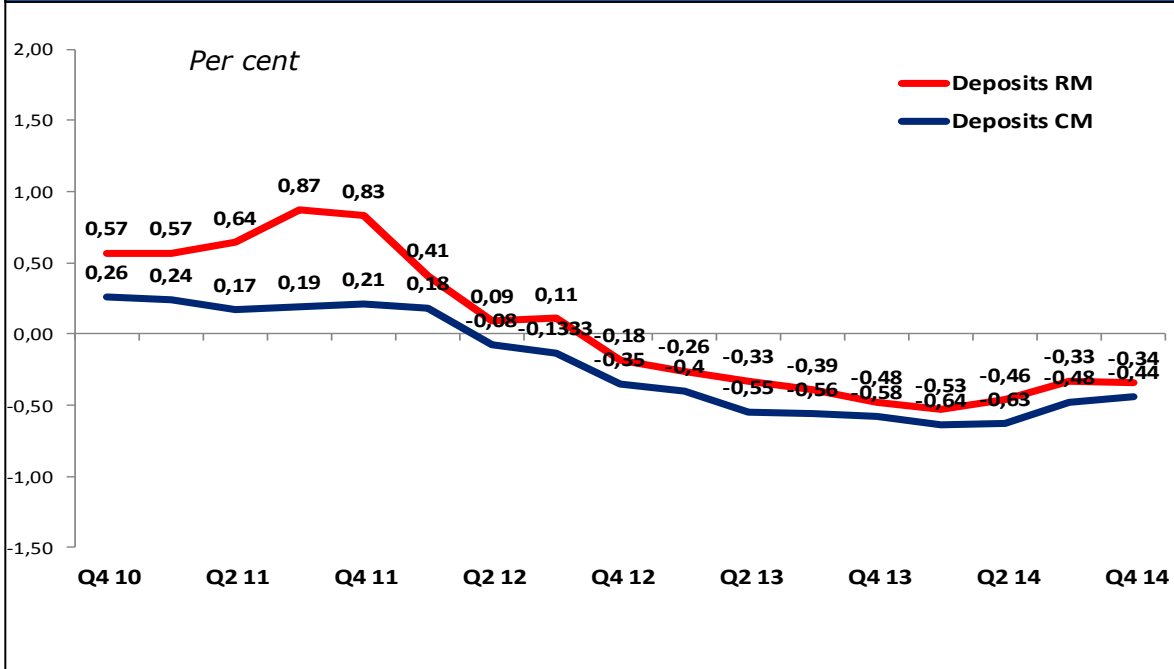
- Strong competition on lending to business and industry
- Interest rate changed on best home loans with effect from June and December has reduced margin by 15 – 20 bp
- Interest rate level remains low and has been further reduced in Q4 14

Total growth lending 7.3 % in 2014



Deposit margins Retail and Corporate

Per quarter from Q4 2010

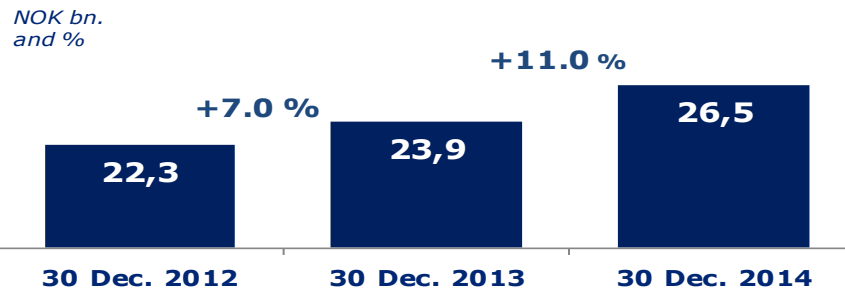


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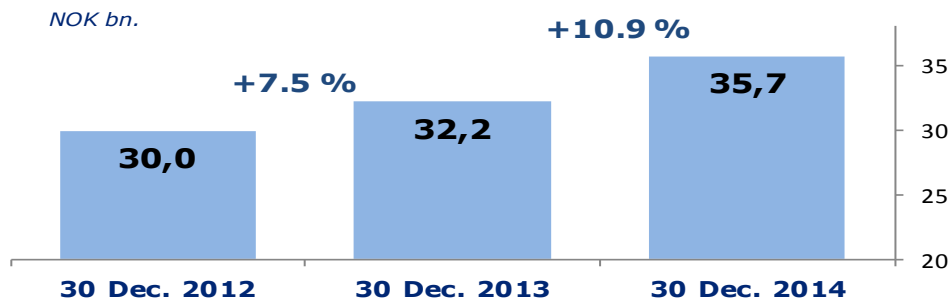
- Margin increases in second half 2014 due to repricing
- Further repricing to be carried out, both of corporate and retail deposits

Total growth deposits 10.9 % in 2014

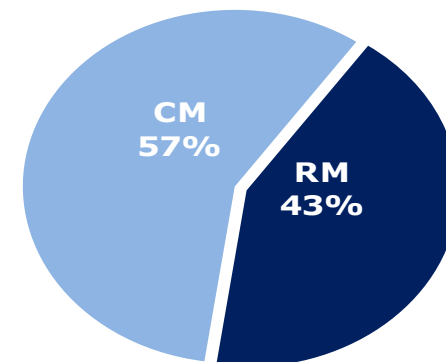
Deposits RM + 11.0 % in 2014



Deposits CM + 10.9 % in 2014



Deposits



Subsidiaries

Profit subsidiaries before tax last three years

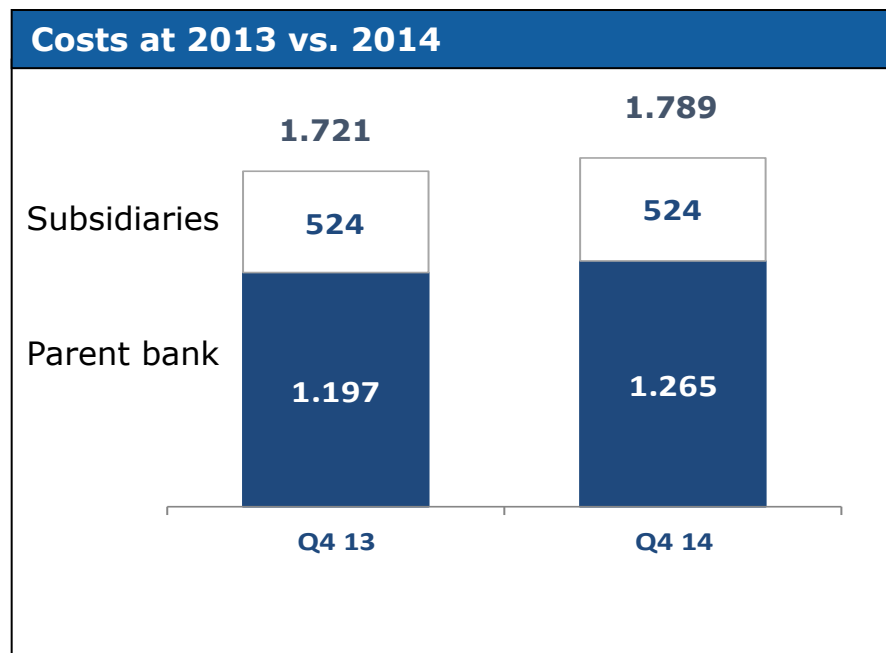
	30 Dec. 2014	30 Dec. 2013	30 Dec. 2012
EiendomsMegler 1 Midt-Norge (87 %)	50,9	60,7	76,2
SpareBank 1 Regnskapshuset SMN	40,5	14,4	12,0
SpareBank 1 Finans Midt-Norge (90 %)	67,9	50,7	55,8
Allegro Kapitalforvaltning (90 %)	2,6	9,3	-3,7
SpareBank 1 SMN Invest	1,7	46,6	-15,0
Other companies	-39,0	-24,4	-11,0

Associated companies

Profit shares after tax last three years

	30 Dec. 2014	30 Dec. 2013	30 Dec. 2012
SpareBank 1 Gruppen (19,5 %)	358,0	209,5	94,1
SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt (18,4 %)	37,5	40,2	44,2
SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt (29,3 %)	40,5	7,9	8,2
BN Bank (33 %)	92,6	90,5	72,1
Companies owned by SpareBank 1 SMN Invest	30,5	13,9	
SpareBank 1 Kredittkort	2,2		
SpareBank 1 Markets (27 %)	-31,7	-1,3	
Other companies	-2,6	-5,7	41,6

Costs, parent bank and subsidiaries



Comments

Growth in costs at parent bank 3.1 %

Cost growth at subsidiaries due to company acquisitions

The bank's ambition is zero growth in costs in parent bank in 2015 and 2016

Reduced costs in parent bank, some growth in subsidiaries

Change in operating expenses 2013 – 2014

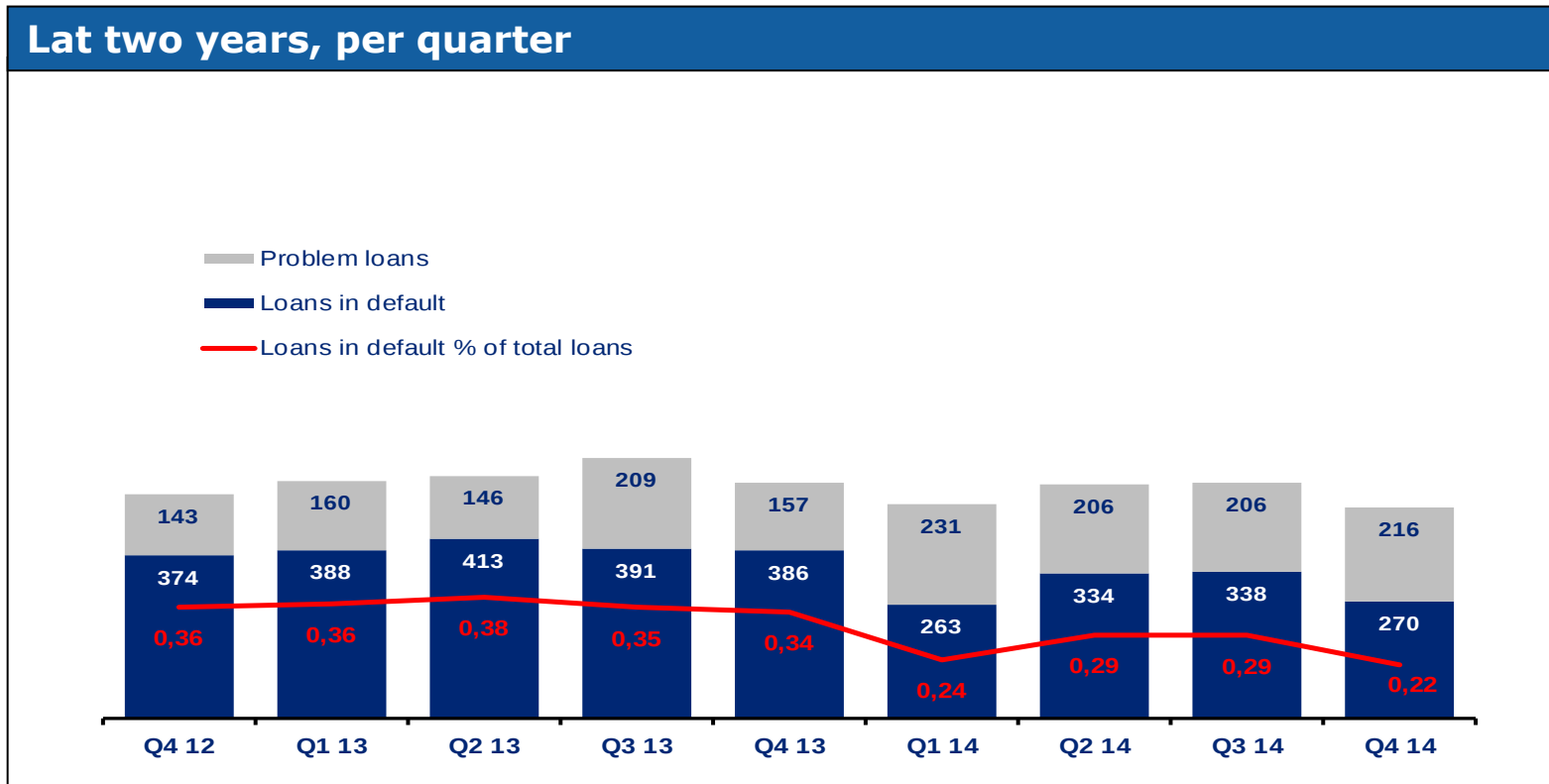
NOK mill	
Expenses 2014	1.789
Expenses 2013	1.721
Change	68
Obtained as follows:	
Parent bank	68
Personell costs	23
Adaption cocts	30
IT	12
Marketing	6
Depreciation	-13
Others	10
Subsidiaries	0
Regnskapshuset SMN	28
EiendomsMegler 1	-3
SpareBank 1 Finans Midt-Norge	4
Other subsidiaries	-29

Reduced cost growth

- Cost growth in parent bank in line with plan growth 3.1 % in 2014 (ex adaption costs)
- Adaption costs at 30m allocated in Q4 14
- Purchases of accountancy offices have caused "new" costs
- Number of FTEs reduced by 40 over the last two years in parent bank

Defaults and other problem loans

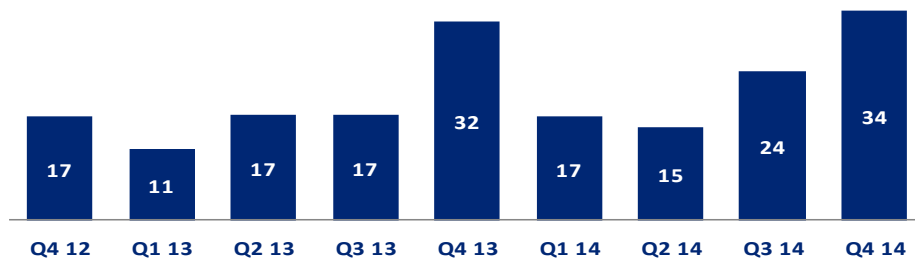
Low levels



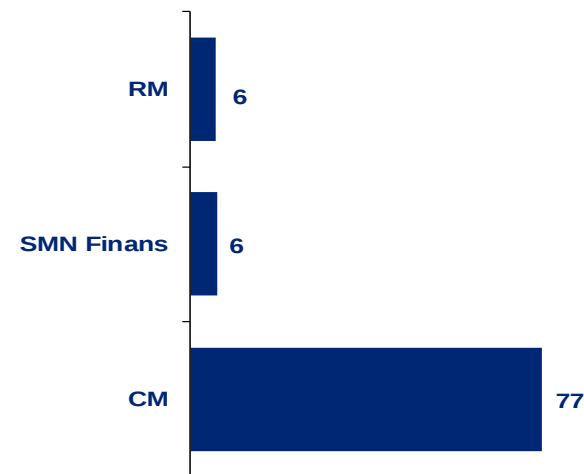
Low losses , 0.08 % of total gross lending

Losses per quarter

NOK mill



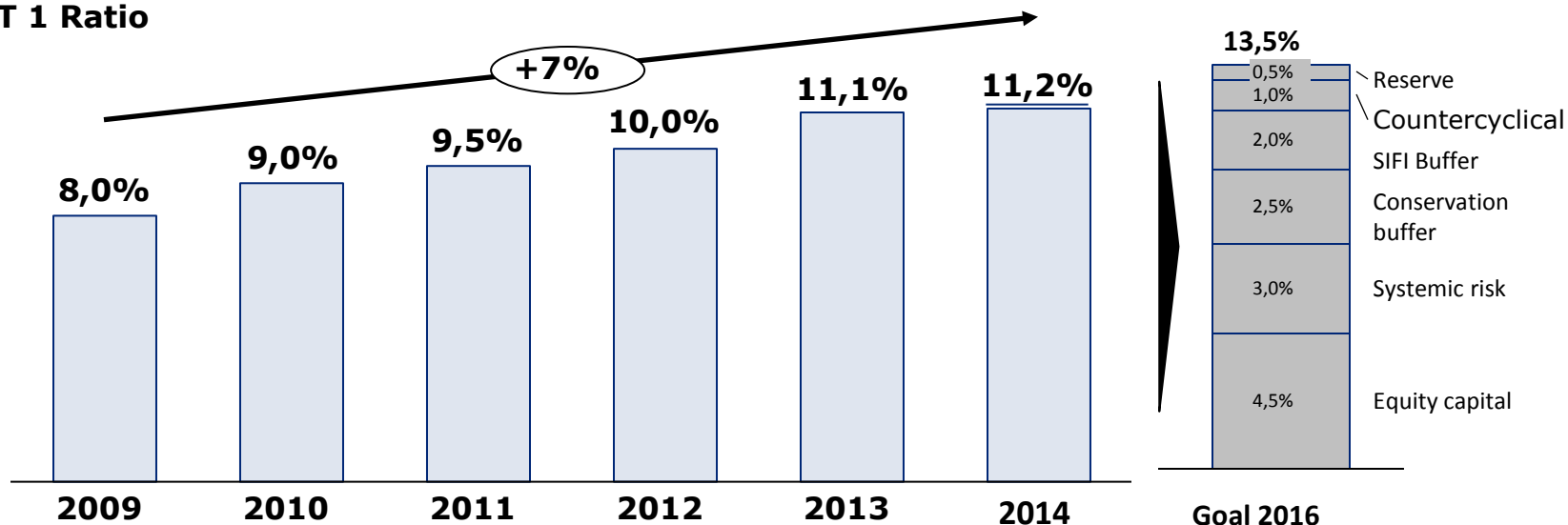
Distribution as at 31.12.2014



- Loan losses 0.08 % (0.09 %) of gross lending as at 31.12.2014

Development in common equity Tier 1 (capital and ratio), and ROE from 2009 to 2014

CET 1 Ratio



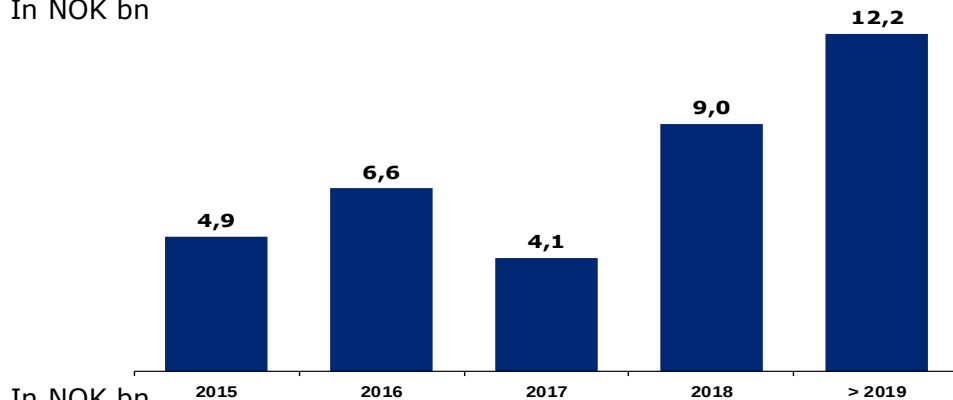
CET 1 Capital	4.938	6.177	6.687	8.254	9.374	10.679
ROE	16,2%	14,6%	12,8%	11,7%	13,3%	15,1%
RWA	64.400	66.688	75.337	82.450	84.591	95.322

Goal for 2016 shall be achieved by 1st half 2016

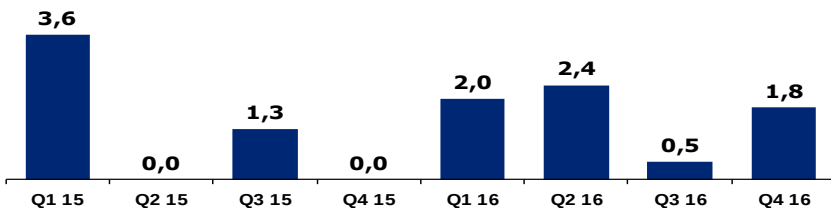
Satisfying access to capital market funding

Funding maturity 31. December 2014

In NOK bn



In NOK bn



Comments

- SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt is the main funding source through covered bonds. NOK 28 billion transferred as of 31. Desember 2014
- Maturities next two years
- NOK 11.6 bn
 - NOK 4.9 bn in 2015
 - NOK 6.7 bn in 2016
- In the second quarter SpareBank 1 SMN raised a five-year loan of EUR 500m

Balance sheet

Last three years			
	30 Dec. 2014	30 Dec. 2013	30 Dec. 2012
Funds available	20,1	22,9	21,3
Net loans	89,9	79,8	74,5
Securities	0,7	1,0	0,8
Investment in related companies	5,2	4,7	5,1
Goodwill	0,5	0,5	0,5
Other assets	9,7	6,4	5,9
TOTAL ASSETS	126,0	115,4	108,0
Capital market funding	40,2	38,9	35,4
Deposits	62,2	56,1	52,3
Funding, "swap" arrangement with the government	0,0	1,2	2,3
Other liabilities	7,8	4,6	4,9
Subordinated debt	3,4	3,3	3,0
Equity	12,5	11,2	10,1
TOTAL DEBT AND EQUITY	126,0	115,4	108,0
*) in addition loans sold to Boligkreditt and Næringskreditt	29,9	31,7	30,0

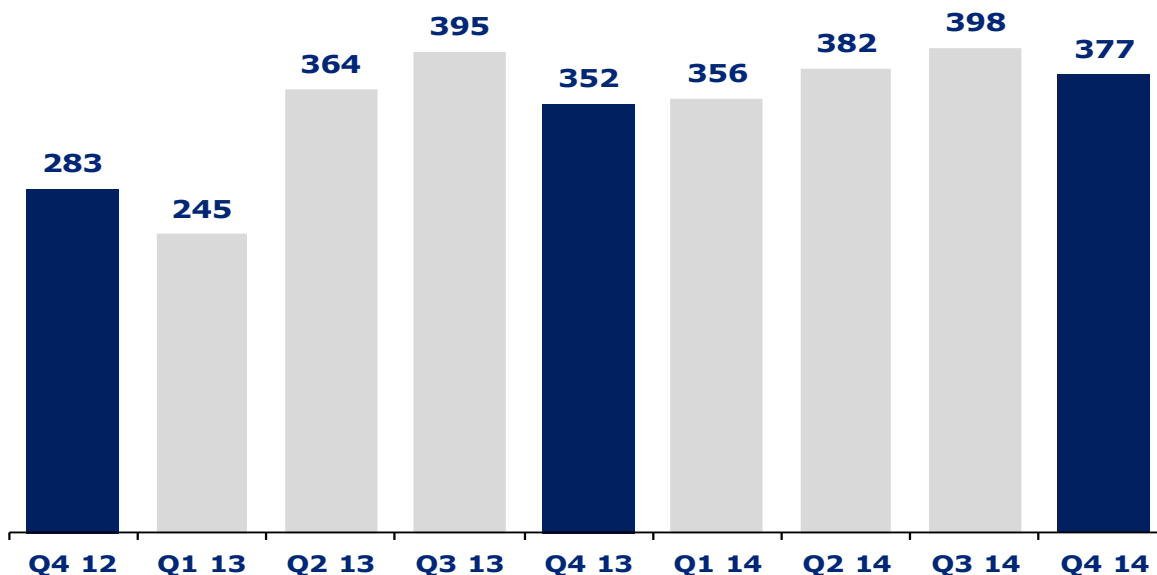
Appendix



Good profit trend for core business

Last two years per quarter

NOK mill.



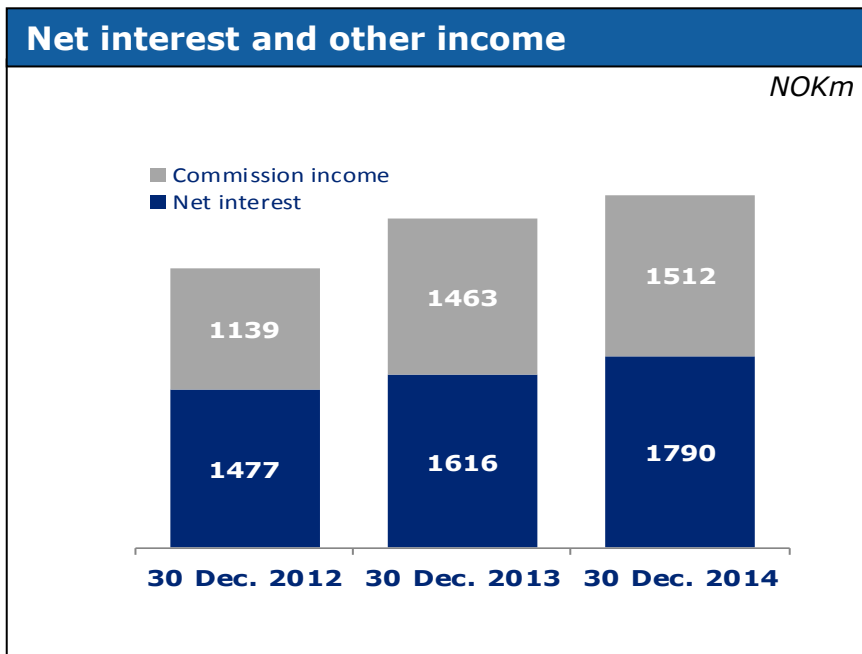
Comments

Improvement in 2013 and 2014 at a high degree due to

- Increased lending margins, both retail and corporates
- Growth in lending and deposits
- Positive development commission income
- Moderate cost growth

Robust income platform and increased commission income

Continued potential for cross sales



Commission income 2013 and 2014		
mill kr	30 Dec. 2014	30 Dec. 2013
Payment transmission income	239	233
Commissions savings	48	50
Commissions insurance	138	124
Guarantee commissions	57	56
Estate agency	315	319
Accountancy services	172	125
Assets management	20	30
Rental income	45	45
Other commissions	50	59
Commissions ex. Bolig/Næringskreditt	1.084	1.041
Boligkreditt and Næringskreditt	427	422
Total commission income	1.512	1.463

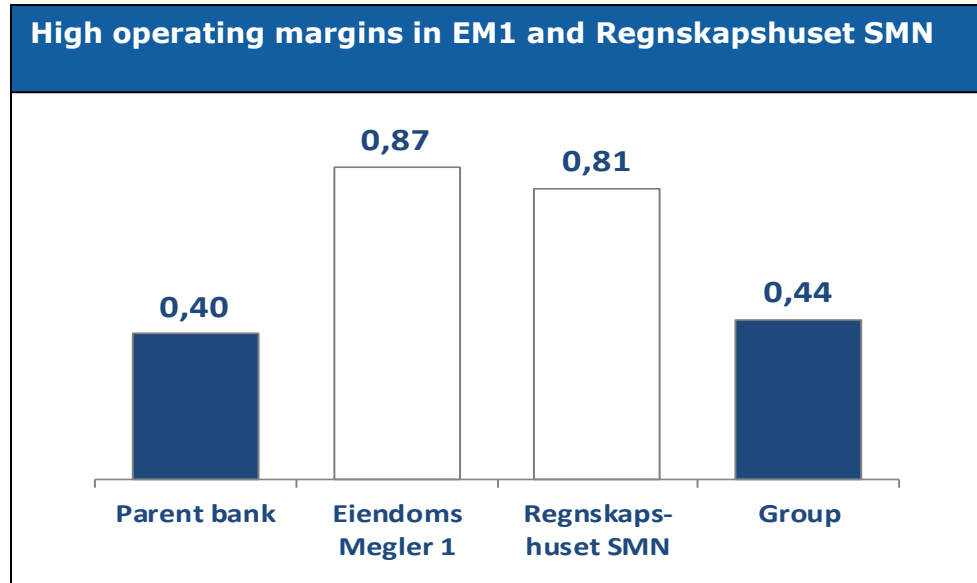
- The Group's income platform is robust
- Incomes derive from a wide range of products both from the parent bank, the subsidiaries, and the SpareBank 1 Group

Return on financial investments

Satisfactory return. Securities include 156m from Nets							
<i>NOKm</i>							
	2014	2013	Q4 14	Q3 14	Q2 14	Q1 14	Q4 13
Share of profit in related companies	527	384	144	169	132	82	94
Net gain and dividends on securities	202	114	-15	2	58	156	69
Net gain on bonds and derivatives	-66	-40	-48	-15	-2	-1	-26
Net gain on trading and derivatives Markets	57	73	11	12	14	20	15
Return on financial investments	720	531	92	168	202	257	151

Including held for sale

SpareBank 1 SMN will come across as cost-efficient not just on an individual basis but also as a group

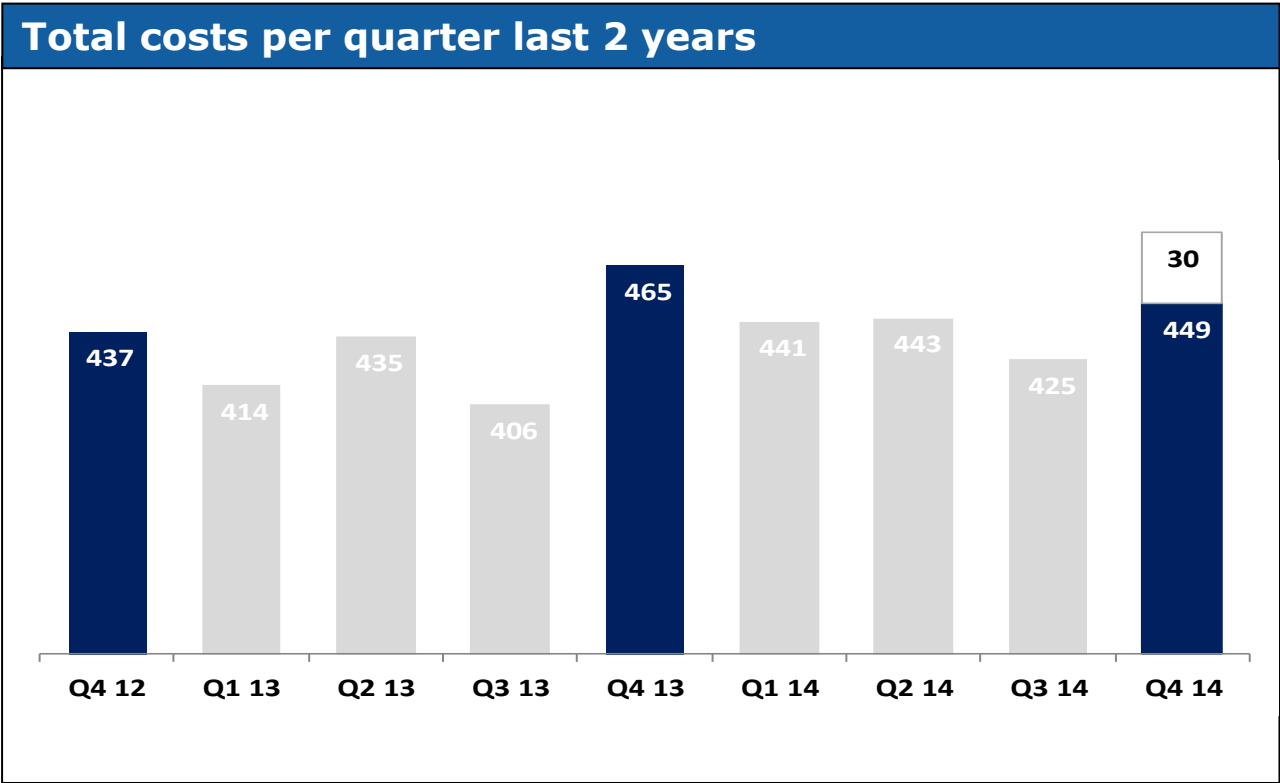


Profitable and non-capital-intensive subsidiaries:

- ① Both EM1 and Regnskapshuset SMN are companies making a sound profit – and requiring little equity capital compared with the group's other businesses
- ②
- ③ In their respective segments they are highly cost-efficient

But pose a challenge to the group's cost / income ratio

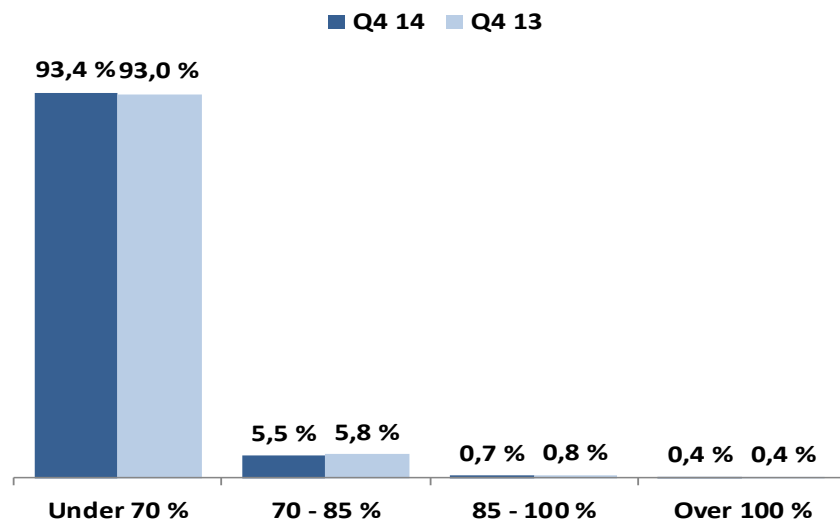
Good cost control



- ### Comments
- Reduced costs through 2014
 - 30m adaption costs allocated in Q4 14

Loan to value mortgages

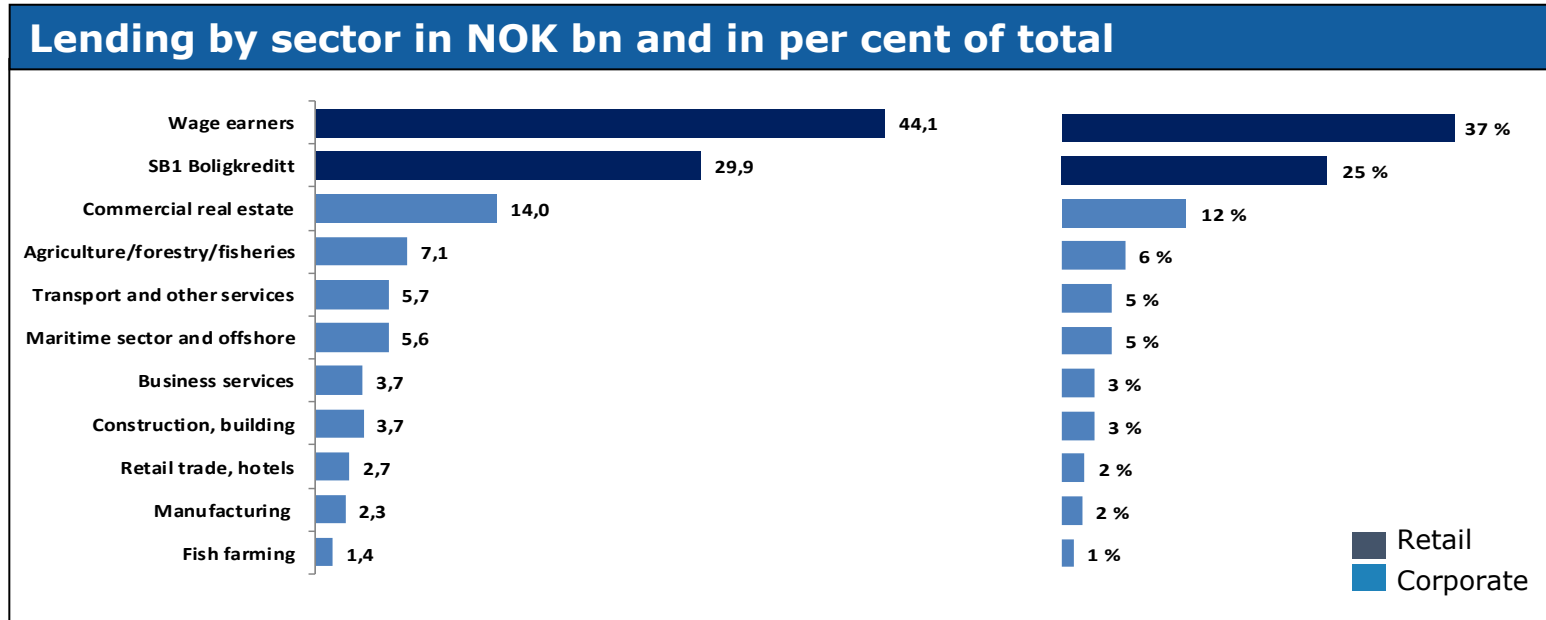
Last two years



Comments

- 98.9 % of the exposure has an LTV of less than 85 %
- Exposure with LTV higher than 85 % has been reduced by 0.1 %-points to 1.1 % last 12 months

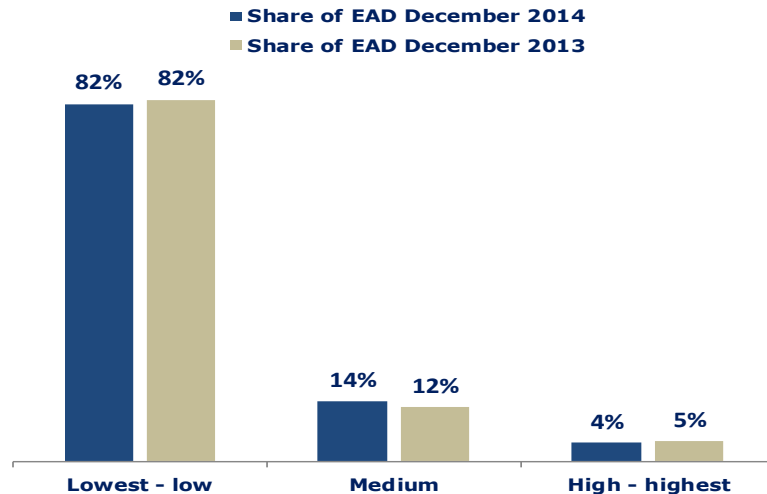
High share mortgages and diversified portfolio SMEs



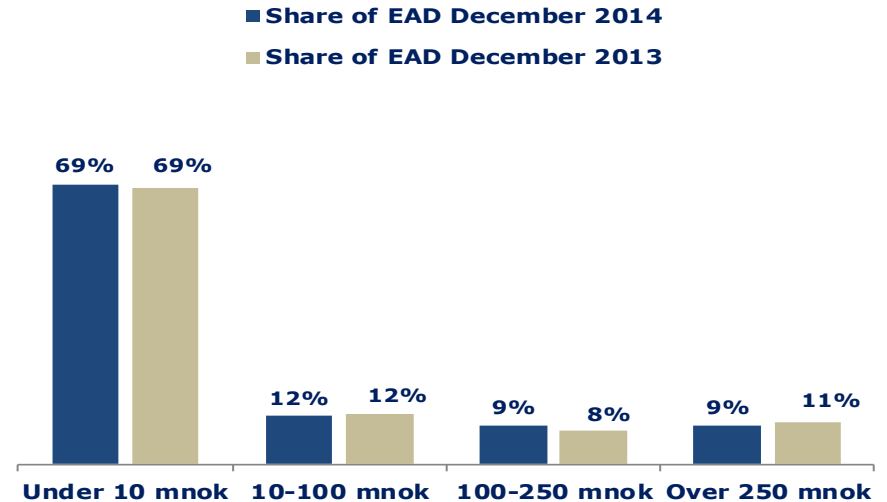
- Large portions of the retail market and primary industries are risk-dampening
- The Group has a well diversified corporate market portfolio
- No specific concerns related to the bank's loans to commercial real estate. Low interest rates and stable high occupancy rates in the bank's market area

Improved credit risk

SpareBank 1 SMN's loans distributed on risk class and share of Exposure At Default



SpareBank 1 SMN's loans distributed on size of customer engagement and share of Exposure At Default



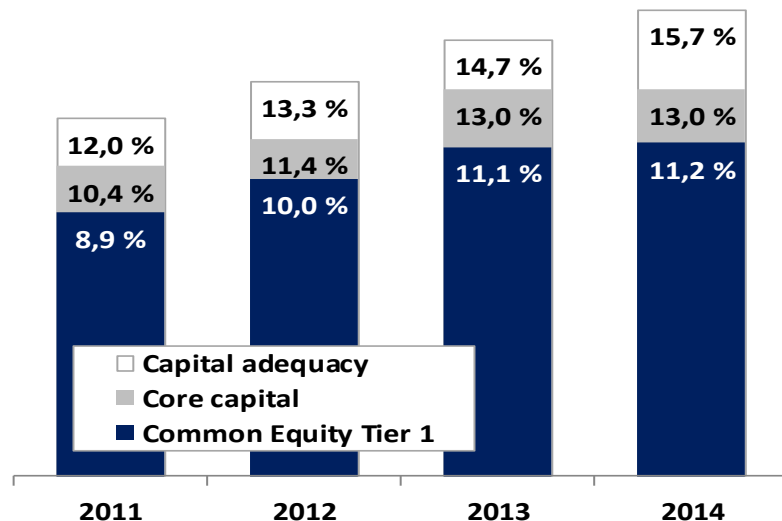
Capital adequacy

Last two years		
	31.12.14	31.12.13
Core capital exclusive hybrid capital	10.674	9.374
Hybrid capital	1.707	1.615
Core capital	12.382	10.989
Supplementary capital	2.555	1.428
Total capital	14.937	12.417
Total credit risk IRB	4.748	3.787
Debt risk, Equity risk	398	234
Operational risk	416	398
Exposures calculated using the standardised approach	1.971	2.151
CVA	92	-
Deductions	0	-119
Transitional arrangements	0	316
Minimum requirements total capital	7.625	6.767
RWA	95.317	84.591
CET 1 ratio	11,2 %	11,1 %
Core capital ratio	13,0 %	13,0 %
Capital adequacy ratio	15,7 %	14,7 %

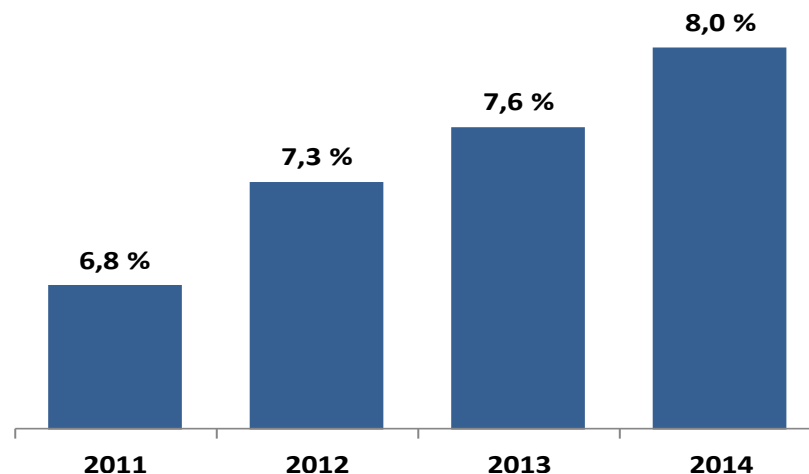
NOKm

Strengthened capital. High equity ratio in relation to total assets

Development capital adequacy

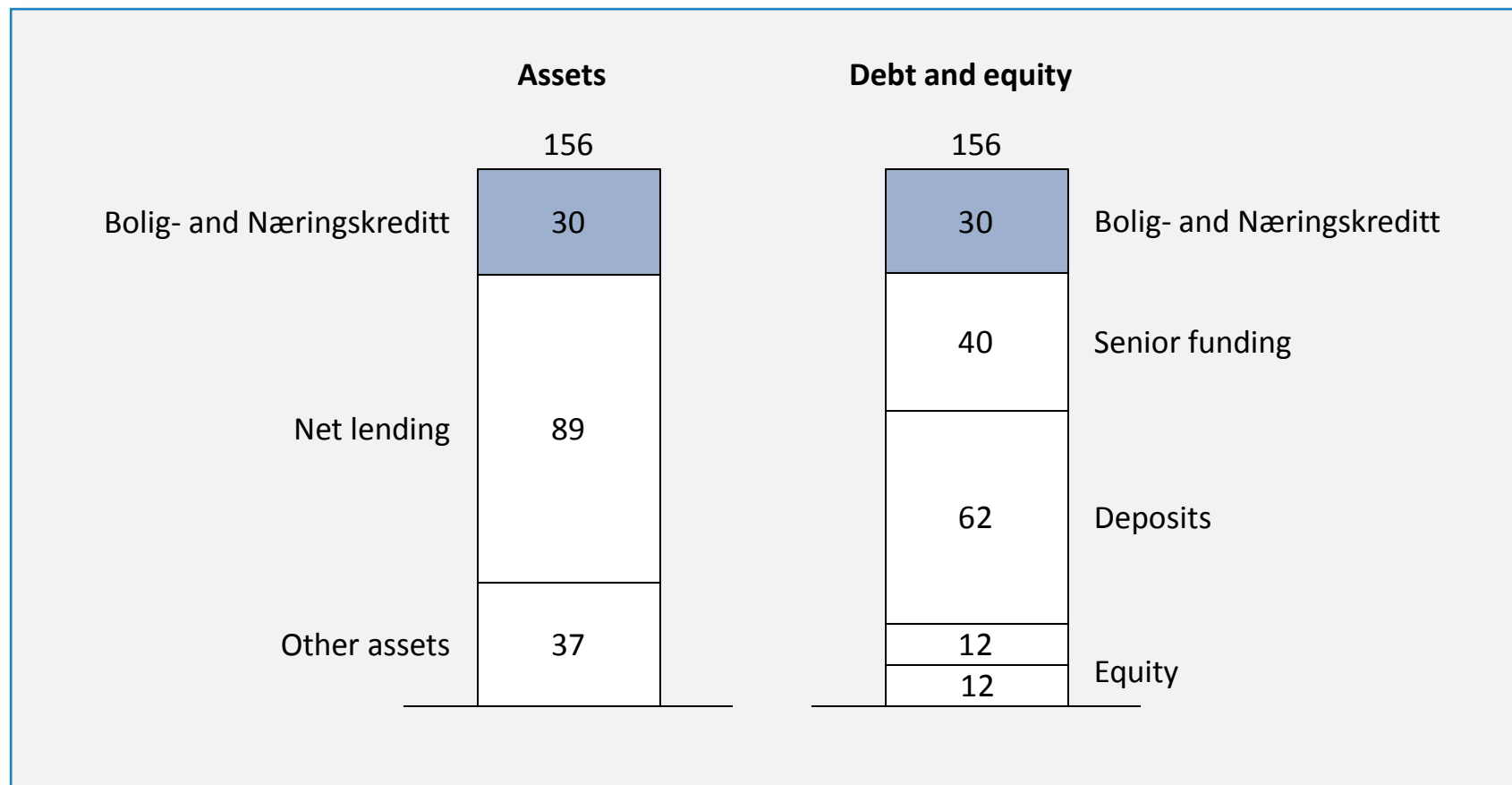


Development share of equity to total assets including loans sold to Bolig- / Næringskreditt



Diversified funding

Balance sheet items including Bolig- and Næringskreditt 31. December 2014



Key figures

Last three years			
	30 Dec. 2014	30 Dec. 2013	30 Dec. 2012
Net interest	1,52	1,44	1,40
Comm. income and net retur on fin. inv.	1,89	1,76	1,51
Operating expenses	1,52	1,54	1,57
Net profit as a percentage of ATA	1,89	1,66	1,34
CET 1 ratio	11,2 %	11,1 %	10,0 %
Core capital ratio	13,0 %	13,0 %	11,3 %
Growth in loans incl.Boligkreditt	7,3 %	6,8 %	10,2 %
Growth in deposits	10,9 %	7,3 %	9,2 %
Deposit-to-loan ratio	69 %	70 %	69,7 %
RM share loans	62 %	61 %	60 %
Cost-income ratio	44 %	48 %	54 %
Return of equity	15,1 %	13,3 %	11,7 %
Impairment losses ratio	0,08 %	0,09 %	0,06 %
ECC price	58,50	55,00	34,80
Booked equity capital per ECC	62,04	55,69	50,09

Key figures ECC

Including effects of issues

Last five years

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
ECC ratio	64,6 %	64,6 %	64,6 %	60,6 %	61,3 %
Total issued ECCs (mill)	129,83	129,83	129,83	102,76	102,74
ECC price	58,50	55,00	34,80	36,31	49,89
Market value (NOKm)	7.595	7.141	4.518	3.731	5.124
Booked equity capital per ECC	62,04	55,69	50,09	48,91	46,17
Post-tax earnings per ECC, in NOK	8,82	6,92	5,21	6,06	5,94
Dividend per ECC	2,25	1,75	1,50	1,85	2,77
P/E	6,63	7,95	6,68	8,40	5,99
Price / Booked equity capital	0,94	0,99	0,69	0,74	1,08

Dividend policy

- SpareBank 1 SMN aims to manage the Group's resources in such a way as to provide equity certificate holders with a good, stable and competitive return in the form of dividend and a rising value of the bank's equity certificate.
- The net profit for the year will be distributed between the owner capital (the equity certificate holders) and the ownerless capital in accordance with their respective shares of the bank's total equity capital.
- SpareBank 1 SMN's intention is that up to one half of the owner capital's share of the net profit for the year should be disbursed in dividends and, similarly, that up to one half of the owner capital's share of the net profit for the year should be disbursed as gifts or transferred to a foundation. This is on the assumption that capital adequacy is at a satisfactory level. When determining dividend payout, account will be taken of the profit trend expected in a normalised market situation, external framework conditions and the need for tier 1 capital.

10 largest ECC holders

At 31 December 2014

Owner	Number	Share
Verdipapirfondet DNB Norge (IV)	4.309.928	3,32 %
Sparebankstiftelsen SpareBank 1 SMN	3.965.391	3,05 %
Odin Norge	3.823.131	2,94 %
VPF Nordea Norge Verdi	3.538.004	2,72 %
Pareto Aksje Norge	3.302.488	2,54 %
The Bank of New York Mellon (nominee)	3.118.007	2,40 %
Odin Norden	2.854.979	2,20 %
Vind LV AS	2.736.435	2,11 %
State Street Bank and Trust CO (nominee)	2.609.428	2,01 %
Wimoh Invest AS	2.359.388	1,82 %

SpareBank 1 SMN

7467 TRONDHEIM

CEO

Finn Haugan

Tel +47 900 41 002

E-mail: finn.haugan@smn.no

Switchboard

Tel +47 07300

For further information contact:

CFO

Kjell Fordal

Tel +47 905 41 672

E-mail: kjell.fordal@smn.no

Internett addresses:

SMN home page and internet bank: www.smn.no

Hugin-Online: www.huginonline.no

Equity capital certificates in general:
www.grunnfondsbevis.no

Financial calender 2015

1. Quarter: 8. May 2015
2. Quarter: 12. August 2015
3. Quarter: 30. October 2015